The Columbian
AND
Bloomsburg Democrat.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE
COURT HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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JOB PRINTING
of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

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Local notices, twenty cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $4.00 per year for the first two lines, and $1.00 for each additional line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—WILLIAM ELWELL.
Associate Judges—ISAAC DERR, ISAAC B. MONEY.
Prothonotary, &c.—REUBEN H. FISHER.
Register & Recorder—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
District Attorney—JAMES HUGHES, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Treasurer—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMBY.
Commissioners—CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. RUTTER, WILLIAM SHAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors—C. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER.
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCHENRY, JOHN MOAMBLY.
County Superintendent—CHARLES G. BARKLEY

Room Poor District—Directors, S. H. MILLER, WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON KELLER, Goodwood, CHARLES CONNER, Secy.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GROVE, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't, C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—WM. PEARCE, Pres't, J. H. ROBISON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. BROWER President, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Church Directory.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sabbath Services—10½ A. M. 7½ P. M.
Sabbath School—9 A. M.
Prayer Meeting—Wednesday, 7½ P. M.
Strangers and persons from a distance are always welcome.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor, over Rosenstock's corner, Main st., opposite Caldwell's Furniture warerooms.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary, Main st., below the Post Office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., one door below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker, Centre square, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

F. KNORR, dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest styles, and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d door in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main st., below Market.

J. C. RITTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician, Market street, above Main.

J. H. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

DR. A. L. TURNER, Physician and Surgeon, office over Klein's Drug Store, residence one door below Rev. D. J. Waller.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Trimming and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by T. Bent, Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. MAIER, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

COX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, &c., S. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

H. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

J. A. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

C. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

L. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemlerin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. S. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and Blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. BALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St.

D. ROBBINS' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billiard Saloon Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbader Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Man facturing.

Buck Horn.

M. & G. W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Robt M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel,

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker. Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, SALERATUS, &C., &C.
Orders will receive prompt attention.
may 10,'67-1f.

HARVEY B. WALKER,
WITH
MEAR, SCHROPP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 926 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Original assorted packages of Queensware constantly on hand. feb23'72-1f.

Business Cards.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE above Hower's Store, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

B. FRANK ZARR
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office with J. G. Freeze, Brower's Block.
Can be consulted in German or English. mch29'72-1f

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
Jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct15'71-1f. P. O. Box 267.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE,
Prices reasonable and the best work done.
jan 1'71—tf

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied.
oct27'71-1y.

BERNHARD STOHNER
Would inform his friends and the public that he has taken possession of
THE OLD STAND,
in the Exchange Block, so long occupied by him and will carry on the business of a
FIRST-CLASS BAKERY,
He brings to the business an experience of many years and assures the community that he will furnish the best of bread, cakes, rolls, biscuit, &c, fresh every day. He proposes also to keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of
FINE CONFECTIONERY,
of all grades. French candies and those of domestic manufacture, always to be had, wholesale and retail at lowest rates. Adjoining the Bakery and Confectionery is a well established
RESTAURANT,
where may be found Ale and Lager, and Refreshments, Oysters in season and the various little delicacies which suit the public taste. There is also a
FINE ICE CREAM SALOON,
over the confectionery store, where ladies and gentlemen can obtain the best of ice Cream in season.
A fair share of the public custom is requested and no pains will be spared to ensure satisfaction. april 26,'72-tf

NEW DRUG STORE
CHRIS. A. KLEIM
Having purchased the business of E. P. Lutz now offers at the old stand, a choice assortment of
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY SOAPS,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
And a general assortment of the choicest goods usually found in first class establishments.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded.
On Sundays, open from 8 a. m., to 10 a. m., and from 2 p. m., to 4 p. m.
GERMAN AND ENGLISH SPOKEN.
feb 9'72-tf

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN GUM, which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1'71-1y

THE GREAT MAGICAL
HAIR FORCER!
Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it! It is no humbug. Price 25 cents per bottle, sent by mail post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,
Attendsville,
aug.1-'71-1y. Adams County, Penna

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Cumberland	$211,000
Ætna	1,600,000
Fulton N. Y.	300,000
North America	1,000,000
Ætna	3,000,000
Girard	450,000
International N.Y.	1,000,000
Niagara N.Y.	1,000,000
Merchants	300,000
Springfield	579,000
Farmers' Danville, N.Y.	300,000
Albany City	400,000
Danville, House Lightning	Mutual.
Atlantic, N. Y.	1,000,000
Germania, N. Y.	800,000

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*,
may 19'71-1y. Bloomsburg Pa

KINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and those who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work. TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and sample Stocking. Address,
KINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-1y. Patb, Me.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FURS TORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stogs shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmoral and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Jan 1'71

THE ORANGEVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
of the most Approved Patterns.
Mill Gearing,
Jobbing,
and Castings
of all descriptions.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Lumber, &c., &c.
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
We would announce to the public in general that we have taken the well known Agricultural Works of this place and shall make it our aim to manufacture First Class Agricultural Implements equal to any other makers in the State, such as
Threshing Machines,
Both Lever and Tread Power.
Plows of every Description,
among which will be the celebrated
KNOB MOUNTAIN HERO,
acknowledged by all to be the best plow extant for the farmer. Also the
Champion, Sterns' Patent and The Montrose.
ALSO, DOUBLE CORN PLOWS,
Cultivators,
Iron Kettles,
and Castings
of every description. We shall use none but the best materials and employ none but competent and experienced mechanics and our prices will compare favorably with any other manufacturers.
Country Produce, Lumber, Old Iron, taken in exchange. We also have a store in connection with our Agricultural Works, where may be found a full assortment of MERCHANDISE which will be sold at small profits. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we guarantee satisfaction.
march22'72-1y.

Hotels.

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Espy, Pa.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St., below Market.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
DOWN IN PRICE
J. H. MAIZE'S,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG.
A new stock of Fresh Goods just opened at MAIZE'S.
Teas, Coffees, Sugars,
SYRUPS and MOLASSES, CHEESE, MEATS, SALT, FISH, etc.
VEGETABLES, HERMETICALLY Sealed Goods,
JELLIES and PRESERVES, PICKLES, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
An Elegant Assortment
OF
QUEENSWARE
Constantly on hand.
Also WOOD, WILLOW and GLASSWARE of every variety.
All my goods are of the first quality and at extremely low prices.
dec5'71-tf J. H. MAIZE.

Poetical.

A Breezy Summer Idyl.

Somebody writes about "A Woman's Veil" in the Boston Courier—and here are half a dozen of his verses:

It was full many a season since,
When I was simmering at Cape May,
They had a foolish fashion then—
Maybap they have the same to-day—
That every lady in the dance,
If pleased with any, should not fail
Unto the partner she preferred
To give her veil.

And there was one I mind me of,
Whose name—well, never mind her name;
Helen or Alice, Blanche, or Maude,
So you will read will be the same.
But that old fashion of the veils
Haply recalls the past, and stirs
Memories that cluster round the night
she gave me hers.

She flushed, poor child, in giving it,
And I, too, felt my brow grow warm,
As lengthingly, with fingers deft,
She knotted it about my arm;
And though the color on her cheek
Was like the light in morning calm,
I thought I saw a bolder dawn
Within her eyes.

The dance was over and we strolled
Out from the ball-room's glittering press,
To meet the breeze that many armed
Clasped each one in cool caress;
And sauntering on we reached the sea—
The fat waltz music's cadence sweet,
Mixed with the sound of waves that died
About our feet.

We talked of what I now forget,
But carelessly, or seeming so,
Next day I was to leave, but then
To town we'd meet again, you know.
Ah, well-a-day! the gods dispose,
And ruined hopes are worse than vain;
She laughed good-by—I never saw
Her face again.

* * * * * * *

Life's sad puzzle, and our hearts
Grow faint in searching for the clue;
Sins went before at twenty-five,
And I live on at fifty-two—
And wait the end; for well I know
That I shall meet her without fail,
On some Spring morning—and till then
I keep the veil.

Miscellaneous.

ARABIAN STORIES DOWN THE NILE.

It is wonderful how much pleasure Orientals manage to get out of a trumpery tale. As you float down the sacred river, for example, leaving Nubia and the cataracts, and the reaches of Syene far behind, and pass islets dozing in the lull of waters, green corn fields, palmy slopes, shadowy dells, and mounds with ruined temples which on a sunny afternoon look like a landscape of Claude, you are forever hearing the hum of the story-teller to his group on the fore. As the sun went down, the sailors would invariably snuggle together in the dusk, Abdallah having no longer a scattered or casual group of listeners, and under the dewy glimmer of a lantern at the mast, look and move like spectres as they listen to some terrible climax in the traditional story. Like opium, it seemed to soothe the nerves and take off the deadness of indolence. Our dragomen once translated for us some of these tales. They were not without point, and were thoroughly characteristic of Eastern life. Fancy the story-teller, hemmed in by barechested, open-mouthed, turbaned listeners, as intoning and see sawing, he narrates as follows:

Once upon a time there lived on the edge of the desert a Sheik named Ben Achma. Now this man was a philosopher, who, gathering wisdom from every passing adversity, as a leech culls simples, had come to possess quite a hoard of it. He was still in the pride of manhood. His renown, however, had waxed so great that even old men from the neighboring tribes, distant far from as the sunset oasis—came to submit their quarrels to him and abide by his judgment. One day a caravan from Meshid encamped near his dwelling. Two Arabs, watering their camels at the well, discoursed about the wisdom of the Kadi of Meshid. "He can repeat the Koran," said one, "from the Fattha to the end without dropping a point." "He cuts through deceit as with a knife," answered the other.

Ben Achma, smoking his afternoon chibouque under the shadow of a palm, on hearing this arose.

"Tell me, O brother," said he, "who is this man thou art so eager to praise?"

"What then, thou dolt?" replied the camel driver. "Hast thou not heard of Haleel, Kadi of Meshid? Allah!—Even the Father of the Faithful himself is a green tree before him."

"Dolt!" muttered the Sheik to himself, as he walked home musing, "and yet I am called Ben Achma the Wise."

Next morning Ben Achma saddled his horse, and disguising himself as a merchant, started for Meshid to see the sage himself. As he journeyed, an old man met him on the way who said: "My lord, I, like thyself am traveling to the next town, but I am weary. Pray permit me to ride." Ben Achma made a sign of assent, and the pilgrim climbed up behind. When they had come to the gates of Meshid, the Sheik desired his companion to get down.

"Nay," said he, "it is for thee to alight."

"And wherefore?" asked Ben Achma.

"To leave the horse with me," replied the pilgrim.

"But," cried the Sheik, "the horse is mine."

"I know," answered the old vagabond, "that we are now in the city of the just Kadi, and that when he shall have set eyes on us two—thou with thy lusty limbs and brave looks, and me with my trembling knees and feeble frame—he will decide in simple equity that the horse belongs to him who has the most need of him."

"If he decide contrary to that which is true and right," returned the Sheik, "he is not the just Kadi thou sayest. Nevertheless, I will profit by the evil doing and judge his equity. Let us plead before him." The old man agreed and both started for the court. They had to wait while two cases took the precedence. The first of these bore upon a quarrel before a butcher and an oil merchant. Both men were in court standing before the Kadi—the one grimy with oil, the other bespattered with blood. The butcher said, "I went to buy oil at this knave's shop, and, in order to pay him, I pulled out a handful of money whereof to take a coin. The sight of the gold moved his lust, and he seized my hand, pretending I had robbed him. I kept it closed, however, notwithstanding that in the presence of an officer he laid his claim. And here it is now." The oil merchant deposed:—"This rascal came to buy oil, and, when I filled his bottle, 'Gazter,' said he to me, 'can you change me a gold piece?' I not suspecting him, drew open my drawer, from which he clutched a handful and would have fled. The money is mine. I ask but justice."

"Leave the money here," said the Kadi, "and come back to-morrow.

The second case was a disagreement between a laborer and a school-master touching a woman. The latter affirmed that the great hulking rustic had run away with his wife. The former declared that the woman had been married to him many a year. The Kadi said, "leave the woman here, and come back to-morrow."

And now it came to the turn of Ben Achma and the astute old pilgrim.—"My Lord Kadi," said the Sheik, "I was on my way to your city when this miscreant came up and craved permission to ride. In a moment of weakness I assented, and now he claims the horse upon the foregoing conclusion that you will assign him to the one that needs him most."

The Kadi said, "Leave the horse and come back to-morrow."

So the gold was put in the coffer, the woman in the harem, and the horse in the Kadi's stables. Early on the morrow the litigants appeared. First the oil merchant and the butcher.

"You affirm," said the Kadi to the former, "that the butcher stole the money from your till, and yet the coins, when placed in a cup of water, show no sign of oil. You never handled the money with your greasy fingers. I adjudge the money to the butcher, and thirty stripes to you."

The disputed wife now came forward. "Seeing," said the Kadi, "that two men lay claim to the same woman, and that neither can justify their claim, I directed her to arrange my desk. She has cleaned and filled my ink-horn, and adjusted my sponge, sorted my pens, arranged my papers, and placed my chair. She evidently belongs to the school master. The laborer will receive thirty stripes."

Now came the turn of Ben Achma and the pilgrim. "Make these men follow me to the stable," said the Kadi. They were taken in separately, Ben Achma first. "Pick out the horse you claim," said his worship, "I have him here," said the Sheik, walking up to a stall. "Good! go out and let the pilgrim come in." Do you recognize your horse, my friend?" "My horse! Yes, I should know him among a hundred!" said the villain. "There he is."

The magistrate returned, took his place on the divan, and forthwith adjudged the horse to Ben Achma, while the old man was condemned to suffer fifty lashes. "May it please your lordship," said the Sheik, making a profound obeisance after the session, "upon what did you base your judgment of the ownership of the horse?" The magistrate replied, "when you laid your hand upon the horse the animal neighed in recognition to his friend, but when the pilgrim laid his hand upon him, he shrank from the touch of a stranger."

During the three weeks we were floating from Thebes to Cairo, every day brought some new object of interest—every night some dazzling story, to which our swarth companions listened with unabated attention. One night, when the rim of the red sun had just disappeared behind the western hills.—Abdallah began a story that seemed to enchain unusual attention. I give it as nearly as possible, in our dragomah's words.

"My friends," says the story-teller, "I am about to relate a true history. In the reign of Caliph Haroun al Raschid, of happy memory, lived in the city of Bagdad a celebrated barber of the name of Ali Sakal. He was so famous for a steady hand and dexterity that he could shave a head and trim a beard blind-folded without drawing blood. There was not a man of any fashion in Bagdad who did not employ him; and such a run of business had he that he became proud and insolent, and would scarcely ever touch a head whose owner was not at least a Bey or an Agha. Wood for fuel was always scarce and dear at Bagdad, and, as this barber's shop consumed a great deal, the wood-cutters brought their loads to him in preference, almost sure of meeting a ready sale. It happened one day that a poor wood cutter, new in his business, and ignorant of the character of Ali Sakal, went to the shop and offered him a load of wood he had just brought into town on his ass. Ali immediately offered a price, making use of these words, "for all the wood that was upon the ass." The wood cutter agreed, unloaded his beast, and asked for his money.

"You have not given me all the wood yet," said the barber. "I must have the pack-saddle (which is chiefly made of wood) into the bargain, that was our agreement."

"How!" said the other in great amazement, "who ever heard of such a bargain? It is impossible."

In short, after much altercation, the over-bearing barber seized the pack-saddle, wood and all, and sent away the peasant in great distress. He immediately ran to the Kadi, stating his grief; but, being one of the barber's customers, the Kadi refused to hear the case. The wood-cutter then applied to a higher judge; he also patronized Ali Sakal, and made light of the complaint. The poor man then applied to the Mufti himself, who, having pondered the question, said it was too difficult a case for him to decide, no provision being made for it in the Koran. The wood-cutter was not disheartened, but forthwith got a scribe to write a petition to the Caliph, which he duly presented on Friday, the day when His Highness went to the mosque in state. Haroun al Raschid's punctuality in reading petitions is well known, and it was not long before the wood-cutter was called into his presence. When he approached the Caliph he kneeled and kissed the ground and then placed his arms straight before him, his hand covered with the sleeve of his tunic, and his feet close together, awaited the decision.

"Friend," said the Caliph, "the barber has words on his side, you have equity on yours. The law must be defined by words, and agreements must be made by words; the former must have its course or it is nothing; and agreements be kept, or there would be no faith between man and man; but—."

Then calling the wood-cutter close to him, the Caliph whispered something in his ear, and sent him away quite satisfied. Here the story-teller made a pause in his narrative, and holding up a tin cup, said: "Now, friends, if you will give me something I will tell you what the Caliph said to the wood-cutter." The plastres came in rather plentifully. Well, then, continued he, the Caliph whispered to the wood-cutter what to do in order to get satisfaction from the barber. And what that was I will now relate. The wood-cutter having made his obeisance, returned to his ass, which was tied without, took it by the halter, and proceeded to his home. A few days after he applied to the barber, as if nothing had happened between them, requesting that he and a companion of his from the country might be shaved. The price at which both operations were to be performed was settled. When the wood-cutter's crown had been properly shorn, Ali Sakal asked him where his companion was.

"He is just standing without here," said the other. "but he shall come in,"

Accordingly he went out, and returned, leading his ass after him by the halter.

"This is my companion," said he, "and you must shave him."

"Shave him!" exclaimed the barber, in the greatest surprise: "it is enough that I have condescended to demean myself by touching you and do you insult me by asking me to shave your beast? Away with you, or I will thrash you both." And forthwith he drove them out of the shop.

The wood-cutter immediately went to the Caliph. "'Tis well," said the Commander of the Faithful. "Bring Ali Sakal with his brushes and razors instantly here," he exclaimed to his Vizier, and in the course of ten minutes the barber stood before him.

"Why do you refuse to shave this man's companion?" asked the Caliph. "was not that your agreement?

Ali kissed the ground and answered, "'Tis true, O Caliph, that such was our agreement, but who ever made a companion of an ass before? Or who ever thought of treating an ass as a true believer?

"You may say right;" replied the Caliph, "but who ever thought of a pack-saddle being included in a load of wood? No, no, it is a bargain, and you must keep it. To the ass immediately!"

The barber was then obliged to prepare a great quantity of soap, lather the beast and shave him from head to foot. The poor wood-cutter was then dismissed, and all Bagdad celebrated the justice of the Commander of the Faithful.

A FRIEND of Dean Swift's one day sent him a turbot as a present by a servant-lad, who had frequently been on similar errands, but had never received anything from the Dean for his trouble. Having gained admission, he opened the study door, and putting down the fish on the floor, cried out, rudely, "Master has sent you a turbot!"

"Young man," said the Dean, rising from his easy chair, "is that the way you deliver a message? Let me teach you better manners. Sit down in the chair, we will change places, and I will show you how to behave in future."

The boy sat down, and the Dean going out, came up to the door, and making a low bow, said: "Sir, master presents his kind compliments, hopes you are well, and requests your acceptance of a small present."

"Does he?" replied the boy. "Return him my best thanks, and there's half a crown for yourself."

The Dean thus caught in his own trap, laughed heartily, and gave the boy a crown for ready wit.

There is a good deal of dry humor in the American press. The following extract from the Louisville *Courier* is a gem in its way: "The New York *Sun*, which is seldom satisfied with things, objects to the proportions of a rattlesnake recently seen in Carter county, in this State, and described as reaching from one side of the road to the other, while its body was as big as an ordinary churn. The *Sun* says that was a 'very badly proportioned snake,' and that it 'should have been a good deal longer or else a good deal thinner.' We should like to know who is running the snakes of this State, herself or the editor of the New York *Sun*. When things come to such a pass that New York arrogates to herself the right to dictate to Kentucky the size and shape of her serpents, it is high time for the trumpet to sound to arms and for the sword to leap from its scabbard."

A KNOWING FRENCHMEN.—At breakfast one morning, in that quiet and comfortable old inn, the White Swan, in New England, a foreigner made quick dispatch with the eggs. Thrusting his spoon into the middle, he drew out the yolk, devoured it and passed on to the next. When he got to his seventh egg, an old farmer, who had already been prejudiced against Monsieur by his moustaches, could brook the extravagance no longer, and speaking up, said:

"Why, sir, do you leave all the white? How is Mrs. Lockwood to afford to provide breakfast at that rate?"

"Vy," replied the outside barbarian, "in a yolk is de chicken; de vite de fedders! Am I to make one bolster of my belly?"

The farmer was dumb-founded.

The Brooklyn Bridge.

A New York paper, speaking of the East River Bridge, says that the pressure of air in the caisson now building is thirty pounds to the square inch, or twice the ordinary atmospheric pressure. Once in the lock and the entrance closed, it becomes necessary to have an equal amount of pressure before the door into the caisson can be opened. To this end air is forced into the lock until the right pressure is reached.

Between twenty and thirty men are at work in the chambers. The lowest point reached in the excavations is within nine feet of the rock. The average depth of the sand, however, is about fifteen feet. Already boulders of trap rock are found imbedded in the quicksand; these are broken up and hoisted out by means of an apparatus similar to a dredging-machine, working in a huge shaft filled with water. The men work in relays or "watches," each "watch" remaining in the caisson for three hours. Working in that compressed atmosphere has its disadvantages, and the men complain of cramps sometimes, which, judging from their description, must be very painful, as one of the men likened it to "tearin' the flesh from yer leg." The low, dim-lighted chambers, filled with mist, the shining pools of water, and the men toiling in the flaming gas-light amid the rushing, rumbling noise of the sand syphons, combine to make an interesting scene not easily forgotten. "Try and whistle," suggested the conductor of the party, and try they did, but without success. Pucker their lips, and blow as hard as they could, no sound approaching a whistle can be produced. The voice, too, had a strange, unnatural sound, as though uttered in a high key, all due to the compressed atmosphere.

The interior of the sides of the caisson slopes outward, not unlike the lips of an enormous bell. In fact, the working of the structure is upon nearly the same principle as that of a diving-bell, the pressure of the air keeping out the water. When the bed rock is reached, and the caisson fairly settled upon it, the interior will be filled with concrete and masonry.

Twenty courses of stone have been laid upon the caisson, and the work is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible. At present the work is somewhat retarded for lack of stone, which can not be supplied fast enough. The Company has expended $2,200,000. This includes the amount paid for right of way. They have on hand material amounting to nearly $350,000. Four hundred thousand dollars has been expended for lumber, and $120,000 for machinery. It is worthy of remark that the Company having the stone contract offered $20,000 to be released from their contract. This offer the Company declined, believing that they could not make such advantageous terms elsewhere.

Doubts have been expressed as to the stability of so huge a structure.. In regard to this point, the superintendent states that the opinions of the most distinguished engineers have been sought upon the subject, and they fully indorse the plans. It has been thought by some that it would be necessary to build a pier in the middle of the river. This would be impossible, from the fact that Congress would never permit it, and even if it were built vessels would be constantly carried against it by the force of the current and injured, and the Company continually involved in suits for damages. A wind traveling at the rate of sixty miles an hour, which is an extreme case, would not sway the bridge, even at its great elevation. It is expected that steam cars will run across the bridge at the rate of twenty miles an hour. The entire cost of the structure, when completed, is estimated at $12,000,000. This is thought to be an outside figure.

Ostrich Farms.

The raising of the ostrich in a tame state, for its feathers, is now carried on extensively in Africa. The birds are kept in inclosures, and fed on lucerne, with which the inclosure is planted. Every eight months they are plucked, some extracting the quill at once, and others cutting the quill a little above its insertion, and then removing the roots a couple of months latter. The latter method is said to give better results with less injury to the bird. The yield is about fifty dollars per annum for each bird.

In breeding it is found to be best to allow one female to each male, though in the wild state five females are often attached to a single male. There are usually two broods in a year, and the male and female sit on the eggs by turns, the male generally taking the largest share of this duty. The

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, August 16, 1872.

Our Candidates.

We refer our readers to the official proceedings for the detailed doings of the Convention. There were but two cases in which a ballot became necessary. In one of those there had been no instructions to the Delegates; and in the other, among the three Candidates, no one had a clear majority. Apparently the very best feeling prevailed, and the indications of the popular will were so plain, that no room was left for disaffection.

For President Judge there was no opposition to the Hon. William Elwell who has presided in the district for years with distinguished ability, impartiality and courtesy.

For Delegate to the Constitutional Convention there was entire unanimity in favor of Col. John G. Freeze, who is too well known to the people of this county to require any recommendation at our hands.

For Senator, Charles G. Barkley was selected on the third ballot. He is a member of the bar, has been Chairman of the County Committee, Superintendent of Common Schools and Principal of the Normal School, and to be chosen over two such distinguished competitors is a high compliment to his merits.

For Member, Charles B. Brockway has been returned without opporition, and we can promise for him that he will be as faithful, as vigilant and as attentive in the future as in the past.

For Prothonotary, B. F. Zarr had no competitor in the convention. He is so well known as the efficient and obliging clerk of Gen. Ent, that all men have assurance that he will be a careful and attentive head of the department. The south side of the river has had no representative in that office for years and Mr. Zarr's nomination was a recognition of that fact and of the claims of the large German population in that part of the county.

For Register and Recorder, W. H. Jacoby was re-nominated, having given such complete satisfaction during his past term that no one appeared to contest the race with him.

For County Commissioner, William Lawton, of Greenwood was selected. Those who know him speak of him with high praise, and his vote over the able and well known gentlemen who were candidates says more for him than columns of praise.

For Auditor, U. J. Campbell of Main was chosen. He is an energetic and capable merchant, familiar with accounts and well fitted to discharge the duties of the office with knowledge and discretion. He has filled the office before, and with credit.

For a ticket composed of such men we have no hesitation in asking the support of all good citizens of the county and we hope that the vote in October may prove conclusively that the people have in it all faith and confidence.

EDWARD HERRICK Jr. Chairman of the Bradford County Democratic Committee has written to the New York *Tribune* that at different Post-offices in that County subscribers to the *Tribune* found in their boxes copies of the New York *Times*, a violent Grant paper, and were told when they asked for their own paper, that the *Times* was the better sheet of the two and that, being furnished gratis it was much better for them. These, outrageous proceedings explain the intent and meaning of the circular issued by the Post Master at Towanda and published by us, calling on postmasters for a list of subscribers to the *Tribune*. The aim of the Grantites is to suppress all papers and documents opposing the re-election of Grant. Mr. Mercur seems to be very anxious to save himself in his own county and this style of swindle he perhaps thinks will do so. A party which stoops so low to conquer deserves and will meet with defeat.

$78,000 MISSING.—A little irregularity in the accounts of pious and patriotic General Howard has been discovered in closing up the affairs of the Freedmen's Bureau. In other words the appropriation of seventy-eight thousand dollars made by Congress, exclusively for hospital purposes, appears to be missing. It is claimed that it was put in with the general fund and used for other purposes, but by what authority this course was pursued, if the claim be true, is not explained. The hospital department is twenty-eight thousand dollars in debt for the supplies furnished, and no funds to pay the demand. Of course a raid will be made on the treasury to meet it.

Auditor General John F. Hartranft, one of the Ring organs informs us, is "an intelligent member of the bar of Montgomery county." If he is a lawyer he should be acquainted with Purdon's Digest, and if he is intelligent he ought to be able to comprehend the provisions on pages 228-9, P. L. 70 and 73, imposing fines and penalties on any officer of the Commonwealth, or of any city, county, borough, or township thereof, who loans, with or without interest therefor, any money or valuable security which may be in his keeping by virtue of his office. How can he square his conduct as a public official with this the law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania?—*Press.*

MISS NELLIE GRANT, the President's daughter whilst in England wrote a letter to the Queen and received a letter in reply. Both of these have been made public and for the purpose of serving as campaign documents to prove Grant's popularity. Of course if a copy of Miss Grant's letter had not been taken for the purpose of handing it to the press, and if the Queen's reply had not also been turned over to the newspapers, no one would ever have heard of them. Ulysses the First wishes his royal claims acknowledged. This is good—for a Republican country.

The Cameron Ring.

The Camerons (I use the term to cover a big ring) are now more anxious than ever they were to hold the Auditor-General's office and the State Treasury, while the possession of a Governor for the next three years is of imperative importance. Let me give you the situation: First. The Camerons now own and control the State Treasurer. They are his principal bondsmen, and reap the largest portion of the aggregate of gains secured by banking with the funds of the commonwealth. Directly and indirectly, Simon Cameron, his son Donald, and his brother William, are the principal shareholders in a bank respectively at Lewisburg, Northumberland, Harrisburg, Middletown, West Chester, Lancaster, Lebanon, and Reading. The banks at Harrisburg and Middletown are controlled by the Camerons, Donald being a paid officer in each, while the others do his work. These banks have deposits of State funds aggregating at least $500,000. All checks for small amounts of money paid by the State Treasurer are drawn on the Cameron bank here. You can see by these facts why the Camerons are so anxious to have Hartranft elected Governor. The Secretary of the Commonwealth is a member, in conjunction with the State Treasurer, and Auditor-General, of the Sinking fund Commissioners. That office, in case Hartranft is elected, will be dictated by Cameron, and then, with an Auditor-General in their interest, and a Treasurer whose election they can purchase, the resources in the sinking fund remain within their grasp and use. For this reason the last Legislature was manipulated to prevent Geary from appointing an Auditor-General who might have been inimical to Cameron's interests, and therefore, to cover up a long secreted series of stupendous frauds, Hartranft's time of office was extended. Senator Billingfelt, at the time this was done, pleaded in vain to let a little ray of light penetrate into the Treasury, which was not done. That would have been fatal, for the reason—Second. The Camerons are State Treasurer Mackey's principal bondsmen. For a Philadelphia broker's failure Mr. Mackey lost a fraction less than one hundred thousand dollars. He is a poor man. But his loss had to be made up. How was this to be done? Not by the Camerons. Hence Mackey opens a check on a Pittsburg bank for the amount lost by the failure of the Philadelphia broker, which check was never cashed, but deposited in the vaults of the Treasury, where it yet remains, with innumerable other similar papers, all counted as cash, when they are really not worth a farthing more than their weight on the ragman's scales. The vault of the State Treasury is the most polluted locality in the State government, and *in its* dark and impenetrable recesses there are more frauds hidden than those which damned the Tammany Ring of New York, all of which the Camerons are resolutely determined shall not be exposed. If they can get Mackey's accounts sealed at the expiration of his present term, and his vault accounts turned over as cash to his successor, whoever that may be, it will ease the Camerons not less than one hundred thousand dollars, and for aught I now know, it may save them from paying double that sum. Is it strange, then, that the Camerons fight for the control of the Auditor-General's office and the State Treasury? With half a million of outstanding capital in favor of the State in their control, and with a quarter of a million of responsibility in the vault of the Treasury, it is not surprising that they struggle to keep the Auditor under their thumb, to carry the State Treasury in their pocket, and to elect a Governor whom they can lead by the ear.—*Press*

Official Looseness.

General Hartranft having been asked by the Evans investigation committee to give a statement of the condition of accounts between Pennsylvania and George O. Evans, testified as follows:

"The claims *on file at Washington*, which Mr. Evans has undertaken to settle, amount to $3,172,218.19; there were three installments filed in 1862 and 1863, amounting to $2,000,000 and a fraction; those claims were prepared and put in a book—*which is on file in my office*—by Mr. M'Michael." The book prepared by Mr. M'Michael must have been filed in the auditor general's office as early as the spring of 1863 and we may therefore reasonably assume that it was in the office when General Hartranft entered upon his first term in May, 1866. Here, then, was the evidence, in his own possession, of a large unsettled account between the state and the national government. The fifteenth section of the act of 1811 very plainly prescribes the duty of the auditor general in such a case. It is in these words; "The auditor general shall annually report to the legislature a list of the accounts which remain unsettled, and the reason therefor."

Why did the auditor general fail to comply with the requirements of this law? He does not plead ignorance of the condition of the claims filed by M'Michael? On the contrary he testifies that he was informed of their condition.

In 1870 General Hartranft himself gave Evans over a million of dollars worth of claims. Of the condition of these claims he was fully cognizant, but he made no report to the legislature of 1871, as the law required. Are we to look for the reason for this neglect of duty in the fact that the auditing officer accepted a loan of $7,000 from the agent about the time that such report should have been made? The two circumstances cannot be separated. In the spring of 1871 the law required from John F. Hartranft a report to the Legislature of the condition of the claims which he had placed in the hands of Evans one year before, and about the time that this report should have been made he accepted from the agent, who was benefited by the failure to report, a loan of $7,000, which he did not repay until that agent's nefarious transactions were dragged to the light. It is fair to assume that the loan was in the nature of a consideration. For $7,000 Auditor General Hartranft stipulated disobedience to the law. For $7,000 General Hartranft conspired with George O. Evans to defraud the state treasury.

And now this same John F. Hartranft is a candidate for the office of governor. Honest republicans are asked to vote for him, and about the ears of those who have the hardihood to refuse, the corrupt ring that nominated him snap the party lash and cry treason! But it is apparent that those who have "highly resolved" to destroy the ring do not fear it nor the party lash. Charles R. Buckalew, whose integrity is unquestioned, whose capacity is undoubted and whose fitness in every respect is conceded, even by his enemies, to be far superior to that of his opponent, will receive the votes of many thousands of honest republicans who regard good and economical government of much greater importance than fealty to a party whose controlling power is a corrupt ring.—*Patriot.*

John D. Bush, a prominent Democrat, and George H. Hamilton, a well-known Republican of Dubuque, have deposited $5,000 as a bet on the Presidential election as follows: $100 on every State in the Union except Florida. Bush also bets $1,000 that Grant will not carry three States in the electoral college; $400 that Grant don't carry ten States.

CALDWELL, the Republican candidate for Governor in North Carolina, was elected Lieut. Governor of that State in 1868 by a majority of 18,641, and became Governor by the impeachment of Holden. At the recent election his majority is said to be about 1000—a loss of over 17,000!

Blaine Answered.

A VIGOROUS REPLY FROM SENATOR SUMNER.

Senator Sumner thus replies to Speaker Blaine:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5, 1872.

DEAR SIR:—I have seen the letter addressed to me by you through the public prints, and I notice especially that, while animadverting upon my support of Horace Greeley, you say not one word in vindication of that compound of pretensions known as Grantism, in contradistinction to Republicanism, which you would install anew in the Government. You are greatly concerned about the company I keep. To quiet this solicitude, I beg to say that, in joining the Republicans who brought forward an original Abolitionist, I find myself, with so many others, devoted to the cause I have served always, that I had not missed you until you hastened to report absence; nor had I taken account of the "Southern Secessionists," who, as you aver, are now cooperating with me in support of this original Abolitionist, except to rejoice that, if among my former associates, some like yourself, hesitate, their places are supplied in an unexpected quarter.

PEACE AND RECONCILIATION RATHER THAN OLD ENMITIES.

You entirely misapprehend me when you introduce an incident of the past and build on it an argument why I should not support Horace Geeley. What has Preston Brooks to do with the Presidential election? Never while *a sufferer did anybody* hear me speak of him in unkindness, and now, after the lapse of more than half a generation, I will not unite with you in dragging him from the grave where he sleeps, to aggregate the passions of a political conflict, and arrest the longing for concord. And here is the essential difference between you and me at this juncture. I seize the opportunity to make the equal rights of all secure through peace and reconciliation. But this infinite boon you would postpone. Seven years have passed since we laid aside our arms; but unhappily during all this period there has been a hostile spirit toward each other, while the rights of colored fellow-citizens have been in perpetual question. Seven years mark a natural period of human life. Should not the spirit be changed with the body? Can we not, after seven years, commence a new life, especially when those once our foes repeat the saying, "Thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God?" I declare my preference for an original Abolitionist as President, and you seek to create a diversion by crying out that Democrats will support him. To which I reply, so much the better. Their support is the assurance that the cause he has so constantly guarded, whether of equal rights or reconciliation, is accepted by Democrats, and this is the pledge of a true union beyond anything in our history. It is a victory of ideas, without which all other victories must fail. To intensify your allegation, you insist that I am ranged with Jefferson Davis and Robert Toombs; but pardon me, nobody knows how the former will vote, while Robert Toombs is boisterous against Horace Greeley, and with him are Stephens, Wise and Mosby. This is all very poor, and I mention it only to exhibit the character of your attempt.

THE BUGBEAR OF A DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS.

In the same spirit you seek to avoid the real issue by holding up the possibility of what you call a Democratic Administration, and you have the courage to assert, as within my knowledge, that by the election of Greeley Congress is handed over to the control of the party who have positively denied the rights of the black men. You say that I know this. Mr. Speaker, I know no such thing, and you should be sufficiently truthful not to assert it. I am entirely satisfied that a canvass like the present, where the principles declared at Cincinnati are openly accepted on one side and not contested on the other, must result in a larger number of Congress representatives sincerely devoted to the rights of the colored citizen than ever before. The Democrats will be pledged as never before, to the ruling principle that all men are equal before the law, and also to the three Constitutional Amendments with the clause in each empowering Congress to enforce the same by appropriate legislation. But, besides Democrats, there will be the Liberal Republicans pledged likewise, and also your peculiar associates, who, I trust, will not betray the cause. Senators and Representatives calling themselves Republicans have been latterly in large majority in both Houses; but the final measure of Civil Rights to which you refer, though urged by me almost daily, has failed to become law, less, I fear, from Democratic opposition than from Republican lukewarmness and the want of support in the President.

THE FIRST PRESIDENT REPRESENTING EQUAL RIGHTS.

The great issue which the people are called to decide in November is on the President, and nobody knows better than yourself that the House of Representatives chosen at the same time will naturally harmonize with him. So it has been in our history. Now, harmony with Horace Greeley involves what I most desire. With such a President, Congress will be changed. For the first time since the war the equal rights of all will have a declared representative at the head of the Government, whose presence there will be of higher significance than that of any victor of war, being not only a testimony, but a constant motive power in this great cause. Opposition, whether open hostility or more subtle treachery, will yield to the steady influence of such a representative. Therefore, in looking to the President, I look also to Congress, which will take its character in a large measure from him. In choosing Horace Greeley, we do the best we can for the whole Government, not only in the Executive, but in the Legislative branch, while we decline to support nepotism, repayment of personal gifts by official patronage, seizure of the war powers and indignity to the Black Republic, and the various incapacity exhibited by the President and the rings by which he governs, none of which can you defend. You know well that the rings are already condemned by the American people.

GREELEY WITH ANY CONGRESS PREFERABLE TO GRANT WITH HIS RINGS.

For myself, I say plainly, and without hesitation, that I prefer Horace Greeley with any Congress possible, on the Cincinnati platform, to President Grant with his pretensions and his rings, a vote for whom involves the support of all his pretensions, with prolonged power in all the rings. There must be another influence and another example. The Administration in all its parts is impressed by the President. Let his soul be enlarged with the sentiment of justice, quickened by industry, and not only the two Houses of Congress, but the whole country will feel the irresistible authority overspreading, pervading, permeating everywhere. Therefore, in proportion as you are earnest for the rights of the colored citizens and place them above all partisan triumph, you will be glad to support the candidate whose heart has always throbbed for humanity. The country needs such a motive power in the White House, it needs a generous fountain there, in one word, it needs somebody different from the present incumbent, and nobody knows this better than Speaker Blaine. The personal imputation you make upon me, I repel with the indignation of an honest man. I was a faithful supporter of the President until somewhat tardily awakened by his painful conduct on the Island of Santo Domingo, involving seizure of the war power in violation of the Constitution, and indignity to the Black Republic in violation of International law; and when I remonstrated against the intolerable outrages, I was set upon by those acting in his behalf. Such is the origin of my opposition. I could not have done less without failure in the duty which is with me the rule of life; nor can I doubt that when partisan sentiments are less active you will regret the wrong you have done me. Meanwhile I appeal confidently to the candid judgment of those who, amidst all present differences of opinion, unite in the great objects, far above party or President, to which my life is devoted. I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

CHARLES SUMNER.

To the Honorable Speaker Blaine.

Mercur's Love for Soldiers.

An Exhibition of Petty Tyranny.

Let everybody read the following, and then decide whether Ulysses Mercur is a proper man for Judge of the Supreme Court. Because a soldier, who had honorably served in the army for four years, saw proper to vote as his conscience dictated, Mr. Mercur pursued him with devilish malignity, and did his best to rob him of employment, succeeding so far as official power was concerned!

Capt. Trout commanded the first company that entered the service from Bradford county, fought bravely at Spottsylvania, Coal Harbor, Petersburg, and in about twenty other engagements, and finally received an honorable discharge after four years of hard service. Yet this brave but humble soldier was afterward driven from all Government employment by Mr. Mercur because he would not violate his conscience and his duty, as a freeman, and vote for the same Mr. Mercur for Congress! But read Capt. Trout's affidavit, to-wit:

Lycoming County, ss:

Personally appeared before me the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, A. J. Trout, who, being duly sworn according to law, did depose and say, "that in the year 1866, I had charge of the printing in the Freedmen's Bureau at Washington, D. C. at a salary of $1,800 per annum. I had served prior to that time in the Union army, from which I had been honorably discharged after four years service; that Ulysses Mercur, who is the nominee of the Republican party for Judge of the Supreme Court, was at that time a member of Congress, and a candidate for re-election—that he came to me and solicited me to vote for him. I informed him that I 'could not, for he did not represent my politics.' He replied 'You had better.' A few days after this conversation several of his most intimate political friends came to me and informed me that I had better vote for him, or 'my head would come off.' After the said election said Mercur went to General Howard, who had charge of the Bureau where I was employed, and insisted upon my being discharged, saying to the General that I was a 'copperhead of the rankest type.' Thereupon the General came to me and informed me of what Mr. Mercur had said, adding that although he knew that I had an honorable discharge from the army, and had served the country faithfully, yet felt obliged to discharge me, as he needed Mr. Mercur's influence more than he needed my labor. After being thus discharged I procured a situation at the Government printing office, but through the influence of this same Mercur I was discharged from there, and was thus compelled to leave the city."

A. J. TROUT.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 5th day of August, 1872.

DANIEL REPASS, J. P.

The government has bought the old yellow trunks full of Rebel documents, and paid $75,000 for the lot. They have been in the market for a long time, but Mr. Seward was too astute to be caught *investing in such worthless stuff.* The Administration caught at the bait, hoping to find something that could be used as a campaign document against the Liberals. So it would seem that the government of the United States is merely a National Committee for the reelection of President Grant.—*Golden Age.*

FREDERICK GRANT, the son of the President, who graduated the third from the foot of his class, was granted six months' leave of absence and sent to Europe on an United States ship with the General of the army for an escort. This youth who was educated at the expense of the Nation can go off junketing for months, at public cost, whilst the brighter members of this class have to join their regiments and earn their salaries. There's favoritism for you.

A Grant man in Utica having had an opportunity to see Grant on his recent visit to that city, writes to the Utica *Observer* as follows: "Is there any penalty for signing a call for a Grant meeting, and, after you have seen Mr. Murphy's President and joined in the general disgust, supporting Greeley?" To which the editor replies: "There is no penalty under the laws of this State. In North Carolina they would convict a man of Ku Klux outrage and send him to the Albany penitentiary."

THE New York *Sun* publishes a long article charging President Grant with suppressing an exposure of the payment of fraudulent claims to the amount of $10,000,000. It charges that Grant, while Secretary of war *ad interim*, hindered an investigation and prevented the publishing of evidence showing the payment of the fraudulent claims by Paymaster-General Brice; that though Brice was removed by President Johnson, Grant reinstated him immediately after his inauguration. These facts are supported by documentary evidence, including the suppressed report on the subject, prepared at the time by a Special Committee of the House of Representatives.

"It is worse than foolishness to attempt to convict Greeley of complicity with Jacob Thompson in his infamous schemes to burn Northern cities. Greeley is not that kind of a man," says the Cincinnati *Gazette*, a Grant paper.

Pennsylvania has 65,291 colored inhabitants, but with good management the Grant managers hope to get at least 130,588 colored votes out of them.

WHILE Mr. Boutwell was a member of Congress he wanted to impeach Johnson because two members of his Cabinet attended a political convention. Now nearly all of Grant's Cabinet travel around the country making political speeches, and Boutwell does not object but goes himself.

Campaign Notes.

FIVE hundred and eighty-six Germans have formed themselves into a Greeley club at Springfield, Illinois.

And now Gen. William Schouler, of Massachusetts, has forsaken the party of "Addition, Division, and Silence."

CONGRESSMAN DAWES, while on his way to the Adirondacks, informed one of his friends in New York city that he should do nothing for Grant in this campaign.

Senator Sumner denies that he has written, or is writing a letter in reply to William Lloyd Garrison, as he has not even read the letter of Garrison.

CARA, KANSAS, which contains but ten democrats, has been thoroughly canvassed, and shows sixty-eight majority for Greeley.

Another Grant committeeman bolts. E. R. Smith, of Le Seuer, a member of the Minnesota republican state committee, has declared for Greeley.

A number of our exchanges are printing an item in regard to five ex-mayors of the republican cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny being for Greeley, and they might truthfully add that the present mayor of Pittsburg is also for Greeley.—*Pittsburg Post.*

"Grant's carpet-baggers," said Mr. Beck in his Frankford speech, "have robbed South Carolina of twenty-nine millions, and Governor Scott, out of his stealings, has built himself, at his home in Marietta, Ohio, a house that cost sixty thousand."

Not all the women are able to discover the beauties of Grantism. Mrs. Margaret W. Campbell has written a good letter to the *Woman's Journal*, pointing out the folly of identifying the woman movement with the Republican party, and Miss Kate Stanton proposes to take the stump for Mr. Greeley.

"I have been a member of Congress 13 years, and truth compels me to say that during that period the most wasteful and extravagant use of the public money, and the least accountability of those who have disbursed, have been during the present Administration."—*Gen. Farnsworth, Republican Congressman from Illinois.*

One little example will show how thoroughly the candidacy of Mr. Greeley has divided the Republican party. The Republican vote of Dixon, Lee county, Illinois, was 372 in 1870 and 376 in 1871. Ninety-eight of these Republicans, or nearly twenty-five per cent. of the whole number, have attached their names to a published call for a Liberal Republican organization.

A Washington lady has bet a $5,000 dwellinghouse against $1,000 in cash that Greeley will be elected.

Hon. Galusha A. Grow, formerly Republican Congressman from this State, has written a letter in favor of Greeley. It is dated Houston, Texas, the 5th of August.

E. A. Rollins, who recently resigned as Chairman of the New Hampshire Grant State Central Committee, and one of the prominent Republican candidates for United States Senator before the last Legislature, has now declared for Greeley.

The Grant National Committee is daily receiving private appeals for money, the applicants asserting that they must have it immediately or all will be lost.

The St. Louis *Republican* suggests the revival of the American party, and offers as a ticket. "For President, Spotted Tail, of the Rocky Mountains; for Vice-President, Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts."

The following Generals in the Union army during our late civil war support Greeley and Brown: Hooker, Hancock, McClernand, Kilpatrick, Pleasonton, F. P. Blair, Ward, Wiley, Burns, Whitely, Buell, Moore, Hazen, Haskell, Banks, Slocum, Mason, Coulter, Burbridge, Schurz, Steadman, Morgan, Heath, McClellan, Banning, Tuttle, Slack, and Kirby Smith.

The New York *Day Book* drops Blanton Duncan and hoist the Greelrey and Brown flag.

NEWS

A letter to the Boston *Post*, speaking of Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, says: "He will publish a letter in a few days defining his position, thus throwing the weight of his immense influence in Rhode Island for Greeley and Brown, and, beyond a doubt, securing that state to the liberals."

Dr. Lowell Mason, the well known musical composer, died in Orange on Sunday. He was eighty-one years of age.

Montana territory last year gave Claggett, republican candidate for delegate to congress, a majority of 413. This territory has just elected Maginnis, liberal, over Claggett by a majority of 300. This in a total vote of 10,000 is a great gain.

The Grand Jury have found an indictment against Mr. Louis J. Jennings, of the New York *Times*, in the libel suit of General Kilpatrick. The decision was arrived at by an unanimous vote.

A shocking case of a child-murder is reported from Naples, Ill. A man named Hale disappeared from that place a few days ago under suspicious circumstances, and yesterday a grave was discovered near his house, containing the body of his little nephew, whom he is suspected of having whipped to death.

Senator Sumner has written a letter to Mr. Andrew D. White, expressing much surprise at the latter's contradiction of his statement, and reiterating his charges, in which he accuses President Grant of grossly insulting Fred Douglass, who had been at the pains of accompanying the Santo Domingo expedition.

The number of German immigrants arriving at New York last month was 11,335, an increase of 2,616 compared with the number for July, 1871. The total number of Germans arriving since January 1st is 78,386, an increase of 36,721 over the corresponding period of last year.

Advices from Peru state that a revolution was begun by Gutierrez, who assassinated President Bulta and proclaimed himself Dictator. The people seized Gutierrez, put him to death, hung his body to a lamp post, and burned the corpse. Senor Pardo has been inaugurated President, and the insurrection is over.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN FESTER, Sr. DEC'D.
Letters testamentary on the estate of John Fester Sr. late of Center township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to John Fester, Jr., of Briarcreek twp., and Levi Fester of Centre twp. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executors in Columbia county. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executors without delay.
JOHN FESTER, Jr.
LEVI FESTER,
aug3-6w. Executors.

ARBY VIEW ACADEMY, Perryville Station, Pa. R. R. (For Males & Females Pupils.) Long established, thorough, successful; location healthful and accessible; community social, moral and religious; buildings large and costly; a full corps of able teachers; mountain air, pure water, safe bathing, fine skating; emphatically a home school. Whole expense, for Board, Tuition, Room, Fuel and Washing (for 40 weeks,) *less than two hundred dollars.* Winter session begins Sept. 5. Send for Circulars. WILSON & PATTERSON, Fort Royal, Juniata Co., Pa.

PRESIDENTS OF COLLEGES, MINISTERS, SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN,
TESTIFY TO THE MANY ADVANTAGES OF
Tuscarora Academy,
ACADEMIA, JUNIATA CO., PA.
Send for a Circular and Testimonials.
D. D. STORE, A. M., Ph. D. J. J. PATTERSON, A. M.
aug3w1

BORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COLLEGE.—Thorough instruction. Healthful and beautiful location. One of the most carefully conducted and best sustained institutions in the state. For terms, etc., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D. aug3w1

Steubenville O., Female Seminary.
This widely-known School affords thorough Christian education, at a cost of little more than $5 a week; one-fourth off for clergymen. The 27th session (26th under present management) opens Sept. 13th. The address of all former pupils is requested. A grand reunion at the close of the next year. Send for particulars to Rev. CHARLES G. HALE, Ty. D., LL. D., and Rev. A. M. REID, Ph. D., Principal. aug3-1

EDGEHILL MILITARY SCHOOL,
Merchantville, N. J.
Four miles from Philadelphia.
(formerly located at Princeton, N. J.)
Rev. S. N. HOWELL, A. M., Principal.
Forty-fourth Annual Term Begins Sept. 26th. Send for Circular.

QUINCAMIA FEMALE SEMINARY, ACADEMIA, Juniata Co., Pa.

MUTUAL
Fire Insurance.
The Mutual Plan guarantees to the insured the greatest security for the least possible cost. The premium notes are the capital. On this no dividends are paid to the stockholder, but it is simply assessed to pay deficiencies arising after the payment of losses and expenses, which in the COLUMBIA INSURANCE COMPANY, during the total 12½ years of its existence, have averaged but 6½ per centum upon the premium note, being lower than the rates paid in the best solvent stock companies during the same period of time. In insuring at six rates, the insured must pronounce it himself and he pays every cent enough—1st. To form an accumulated fund for emergencies; 2d. To pay large dividends to the capital invested in the company; 3d. To pay the expenses of a "scientific" coming and wiping his company out of existence. In a Mutual Company he keeps his own reserve in hand until needed, and pays no dividend to capitalists. The mutually insured, being themselves the capitalists, look after the business, its character and its agents in all places, thus protecting each other. For Insurances or Agencies, address
J. F. FRUEAUFF, Secretary,
Columbia, Lancaster County, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED for Chamberlin's Great Campaign Book, THE
Struggle of '72;
A Novelty in Political and Popular Literature. A GRAPHIC History of the Republican and Democratic parties; a racy sketch of the so-called Cincinnati Convention. The inner history, or side shows of the campaign. The finest illustrated Book published. A Book wanted by every American citizen. To secure territory at once send $1 for outfit. UNION PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill., Philia., Pa., or Springfield, Mass.

CAMPAIGN GOODS FOR 1872.
Agents wanted for our Campaign goods. Sell at Sight. Pay 100 per cent. profit. Now is the time. Send stamp for Illustrative Circulars and Price Lists of our Fine Steel Engravings of all the Candidates, Campaign Biographies, Charts, Photographs, Badges, Pins, Flags, and everything suited for the times. Ten Dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $5. Address MOORE & GOODSPEED, 36 Park Row, New York.

CAMPAIGN BADGES! Thirty new and beautiful Designs. Price List of Prices free. T. C. RICHARDS & Co., M'f'rs, 67 Murray St., N. Y.

WARRANT'S BLITZER EXPERIENCE

THE CHEMISTRY OF DIVINE PROVIDENCE has never produced a mineral water which combines in such perfections the qualities of antibilious tonic and cathartic medicine, as that of the Seltzer Spa; and TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT is the artificial equivalent of that great natural remedy.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

$1.000 REWARD
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE
Is the cheapest and best article in the market for **Bluing Clothes.** The genuine has both Barlow's and Wittberger's name on the label, and is put up at Wittberger's Drug Store, No. 233 North Second St., Philadelphia. D. S. WITTBERGER, Proprietor. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.

KEEP IT HANDY.—The Reliable Family Medicine for the prompt cure of Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Cramps, Summer Complaint, &c., Jardella's Compound Syrup of Blackberry Root and Rhubarb an old and well-tried remedy, entirely vegetable, pleasant to take, quick and certain in effect; can be depended on in the most urgent cases; may be given to the youngest infant as well as to the aged. It is readily taken by children. Keep it in the house, and use in time. Sold by Druggists. HANSELL & BRO., 2309 Market Street, Philadelphia. Try it.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business legitimate. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine. aug3w1

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
FOR COUGHS, COLDS & HOARSENESS.
These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG Diseases. HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the throat are immediately relieved and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of throat difficulties of years standing.
CAUTION Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolic Tablets. Price 25 cents per Box. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y. Sole Agent for the U. S. Send for Circular. m13w1

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key-Check Dies. Secure Circular and Sample, *free.* S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt. m31-1w

AGENTS! Send for circulars and special terms for "McClellan's Republicanism in America." The fastest selling book out.
J. M. STODDART & CO., Publishers, Philia. Aug4w1

AGENTS WANTED FOR
Prof. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK
On Manhood, Womanhood, and their Mutual Inter-relations; Love, its Laws, Power, etc.
Send for specimen pages and circulars, with terms. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philia, Pa. m31-1w.

MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET
DIO LEWIS' new & greatest work is an immense success. 13th thousand in press. Agents delighted and coining money. AGENTS WANTED everywhere. J. C. McCURDY, Philia. Aug 7-3 Sansom St., Philia. m31-1w

RARE CHANCE FOR AGENTS!
Agents, we will pay you $40 per week in cash & you will engage with us at once. Everything furnished, and expenses paid. Address F. A. ELLS & CO., Charlotte, Mich. aug3w1

LIVE AGENTS wanted for *two live Books:* Dr. Cornell's Lives of GREELEY and BROWN,—the latest and best; also, Judge Russell's "Life of Henry Wilson,"—only correct edition published. *Popular prices! Shrewd agents* will see the advantage of *having a book for each party.* Secure territory at once, and coin money. Address,
H. C. JOHNSON, Publisher, 709 Arch St. Philia. Aug4w1

AGENTS LOOK HERE! Why not sell a book that EVERY family WANT and will BUY at SIGHT? such as THE NEW ILLUSTRATED FIRESIDE EDITION OF
ROBINSON CRUSOE,
JUST OUT. An *elegant* octavo, 528 pages; over 40 *superb* illustrations, *tinted paper, superior binding,* ONLY 2 50. The CHEAPEST and most popular book in print. Is a great hit. Will sell EVERYWHERE like HOT CAKES. Posters, circulars, terms, and our Ag'ts Pocket Companion, mail'd free
HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Philia. aug3w1

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER
It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from continued use brings Piles and kindred diseases to aid in weakening the invalid, nor is it a doctored liquor, which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and alterative, pronounced so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba
retains all the medicinal virtues peculiar to the plant and must be taken as a permanent curative agent.
Is there want of action in your Liver & Spleen? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c.
Take Jurubeba to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action.
Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropsical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude.
Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.
Have you weakness of the intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhœa or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.
Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammation.
Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to suffering worse than death.
Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life becomes a burden.
Finally it should be frequently taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are otherwise in great danger of malarial, miasmatic or contagious diseases.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York, Sole Agent for the United States.
Price $1 per Bottle. Send for Circular. aug3w1

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.
There will be a public examination of teachers for the schools of Conyngham and Centralia Districts, in the new school house near Centralia, on the 24th day of August, 1872, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
PATRICK MCHUGH, Sec'y, Conyngham Dist.
PATRICK KILLEEN, Sec'y, Centralia Dist.
aug16, 3t.

FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale his farm in Mifflin township containing
FIFTY ACRES,
Seven acres and thirteen perches of which are woodland, on which is erected a
TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE,
with new outbuildings in good condition. There are orchards on the premises and a never failing supply of water. The property adjoins lands of Chris. Klingerman, Joseph Pore and others. For particulars address or apply to
ISAAC S. HENDERSHOTT,
Millmillville.

COURT PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphans Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivan Derrah and Isaac S. Monroe Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 11th day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-two and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, the 2d day of September next, to continue two weeks.
Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day of September with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their not

THE COLUMBIAN.

Friday, August 16, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,
ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	9.52 A. M.	4.07 P. M.
Accommodation	4.00 A. M.	11.05 P. M.
Express	9.08 P. M.	9.32 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
1.50 P. M.	11.34 A. M.

LOCAL.

THE old Station at Pittston junction of the L. & B. R. R. has been torn down and the new building near by is hereafter to be used.

SQUIRRELS and rabbits may be hunted from August 1st to January 1st and pheasants from August 1st to Dec. 20th. Pike may be caught from June 1st to Feb. 1st and trout from April 1st to August 15th.

IT is positively asserted, by some one who pretends to know, that the first frost of the season will occur on the 3d of September. Those who have faith in the prediction and vegetables to lose will please take notice.

THERE was an old gentleman from Beaver township in town on the day of the Convention, who has attained the age of seventy-five years and who had never before been in Bloomsburg. His stay-at-home-ativeness was certainly very strongly developed.

THERE was a large attendance at the Democratic County Convention on Tuesday and the streets were well filled by the delegates and their friends. A full report of the Convention proceedings will be found in another column.

CONSTABLE WOODWARD, on the day of the Convention, "scooped up" a couple of individuals who had become greatly discouraged by the combined effects of politics and whisky—especially the latter. They were fined by President Mendenhall.

Wilkes Barre people are in a high state of disgust at the present rate of taxation in that town and have held an indignation meeting at which speeches were made by prominent citizens. The tax is fifty-one mills on an assessment of twenty-five per cent of the value of property.

THE religious services having reference to the laying of the corner stone of the Presbyterian Church, on Raven Creek, will take place next Sabbath, the 18th of August, at three o'clock P. M. All are invited to attend.

N. SPEAR, Pastor.

PATRICK HESTER who was tried and acquitted for the murder of A. W. Rea in this county has been sentenced to an imprisonment of two years and seven months for leading a riot in Shamokin last May and breaking open a Roman Catholic Cemetery.

GEORGE RARICK, a boy ten or eleven years old was drowned on Tuesday last in the canal near Port Noble. He came from Lewistown and was employed on his father's canal boat. An inquest was held before J. J. Brower Esq. and a verdict of "accidental drowning" was rendered.

ONE of the exciting incidents of our Convention was the close contest for Senatorial Conferees. None of the Candidates were publicly announced and we did not hear the name of M. E. Jackson mentioned until the morning of the Convention. The vote he received is a compliment and he should so consider it.

SOME one unknown to us has laid on our table some of the biggest kind of oats we have even seen. We do not know how many grains the heads contain but the heads of two stalks are *seventeen inches* long. If the gentleman to whom we are indebted for them can tell us many grains they contain we shall be pleased; we have not patience enough to count them.

BY reference to the proceedings of our County Convention it will be seen that our Congressional Conferees are *unpledged* and *uninstructed*. The Convention doubtless intended to leave them free to choose the best and strongest man who might be presented in the District. With a proper candidate we can win, and our conferees are in a position to act independently.

THE horse of Dr. H. C. Hower, attached to a Sewing Machine Wagon, took fright on Wednesday morning last, at the stable and ran furiously down Center Street towards Main, upsetting the wagon, breaking the glass sides thereof and pretty thoroughly shaking up a machine which was inside. The horse was stopped at Brown's Hotel and was found to be uninjured except a cut on one of its hind legs.

ASHLAND has a Buckalew Club numbering 300 members. We ought to have as large a one in this county, and smaller ones in any number. Who will take steps to form such at once? All the votes of Columbia county should be polled at the election in October and there is no better way to ensure this result than the formation of such clubs in every township.

THE inhabitants of Chattanooga, Tenn., are all ready to make affidavit that a basket of fresh-laid eggs was hatched into a basketful of chickens on the way to market last week by the heat of the sun.

This may be true, but if so either the sun is uncommonly hot in that region or else those eggs were only "fresh laid" as regards the placing of them in the basket. It strikes us as eggs-tremely doubtful.

SOME of our subscribers in this town have complained to us that they do not receive their copies of the COLUMBIAN. The carrier positively avers that the papers are left regularly at the houses of the subscribers and we are led to the belief that they are stolen by certain persons whose desire for reading matter is stronger than their wish to keep all of the Commandments. We would be greatly obliged to any one who could detect one of these petty thieves and report the facts to us. He will probably find that method of taking a paper expensive.

THE shower of meteors on Friday and Saturday nights last was magnificent. Most of them were small and of a light yellow color. The greatest number observed in an hour was one hundred and six. Two hundred and forty-one were counted in four hours. It is said to have been the finest display in many years.

WILLIAM WALLACE was arrested on Sunday afternoon by Constable Woodward, charged with threatening to take the life of Mrs. Susan Fisher. It appears that Mrs. Fisher and two young lady friends were sitting in the room with the dead body of Mrs. Fisher's child, when Wallace insisted upon being admitted and upon refusal, abused the ladies in outrageous terms. He was held to bail in the sum of $200 to appear at Court.

THE hot weather which we had fondly hoped had left us for this year, has returned with renewed vigor and the thermometer is again fluctuating near the nineties. The air is even more sultry and depressing than in the hot days of June and July. We notice numerous cases of sunstroke chronicled in the city papers and an increase of the complaints peculiar to summer.

THE members of the Lutheran Church desire to return thanks to the citizens of this place for the very liberal patronage received at their festival, and especially to the "Band" for the music on Saturday evening. The receipts amounted to $129—The Knight of Pythias cane was awarded to Thomas Webb, his box containing $22.10 and and that of Thomas E. Geddis $11.62.

THE Fall Term of the State Normal School of this place opens on the 25th of this month. The Trustees have reduced the price of tuition in the Model School from *sixty* and *eighty* to *forty* and *sixty* cents per week. The Board of Instruction for this year is equal to any that has been engaged in this school and the success of last term deserves to be followed up with the full patronage of this community.

In the COLUMBIAN of last week we spoke of the statement of an exchange to the effect that on a farm in Massachusetts a second crop of rye had grown and matured after the first crop had been cut. Mr. William Hulmes has shown us a second growth of rye taken from his farm in Benton township. The first crop was cut about the 10th of July and stalks of this second yield have attained the height of thirty inches and bear small heads very well filled. This is certainly an unusual thing.

GREELEY AND BROWN CLUBS ATTENTION.—A beautiful oil chromo of Hon. Horace Greeley, the finest and only oil chromo of this distinguished statesman published. They are just the thing for transparencies, as you get a much better likeness, and at less cost than painting. Will frame 12x15 inches, and make an elegant picture for the parlor. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of 75 cents; three for $1.50; six for $2.50; twelve for $4.00. Send orders soon to

URBEN & BRO.,
40½ Fifth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

ON Sunday morning at about one o'clock policeman Noble arrested a young man in East Bloomsburg for disorderly conduct and was taking him to the Lock-up, when he was assaulted by a young man named Luther Rupert who endeavored to rescue the prisoner. In this he was not successful, as Mr. Noble took his prisoner to safe quarters and locked him up, Rupert was arrested on Monday by constable Woodward on a warrant issued by J. J. Brower Esq. and bound over in the sum of $100 to appear at Court.

SOME investigating philosopher, not having before his eyes the comfort or happiness of his fellow creatures, has announced the dreadful fact, the result of long and patient study, that there are two distinct species of mosquitoes, one of which sleeps by day and preys on mankind at night, the other feeding only in the day time. It may afford our readers some relief to know that New Jersey at presents has the monopoly of these daylight marauders, but there is no telling when they may enter this State in search of victims.

The 12th of August just passed was the day on which it was predicted that an immense Comet was to come in collision with the earth and thereby knock our small planet into little bits or into the sun to be burned up. Of course, as we still live, the comet did not put in an appearance, greatly to the relief of thousands of people who put faith in the prediction and confidently expected to be knocked into space in the twinkling of an eye. Prof. Plantamour, the astronomer to whom the story is imputed, we hear indignantly denies having said any such thing and we don't wonder at it, but if we were Plantamour we would keep remarkably quiet for a time and aloof from our friends and neighbors.

THERE was another magnificent display of Northern Lights on Thursday night of last week. The heavens were filled with the quivering, throbbing pulsations of mystic light and the flashes like silver arrows darted hither and thither. At times a deep rose tint overspread the sky then gave place to a pale green which was soon replaced by a silvery sheen sparkling and flashing with diamond-like scintillations. Occasionally a meteor would shoot across the sky or drop suddenly from its place on high leaving a stream of light to mark its path. The whole scene was indescribably lovely and such as it is rarely the good fortune of dwellers in this latitude to witness.

CATAWISSA, PA.,
August 10th, 1872.

AT a regular stated meeting of Concordia Lodge, No. 60, I. O. O. F., held this evening the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, To Him who giveth and taketh away it has seemed proper to call from our midst, our late Bro. P. G. Peter Stricker, thereby severing the cords which bound us together in bonds of Friendship, Love and Truth, therefore be it

Resolved, That while submitting to the will of the Divine Ruler, we deem it just and right to express this respect due to our departed brother

Resolved, That as a mark of respect and esteem we drape our charter in mourning for the space of thirty days

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished the family of the deceased Brother with whom we sympathise and that they be published in the county papers.

H. J. REEDER,
C. ELLIS,
C. F. HARDER. } Committee.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic Convention of Columbia County met at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, August 13th, 1872, at one o'clock P. M., pursuant to the call of the Standing Committee and in accordance with the rules governing said body.

The Convention was called to order by C. G. Barkley, Esq., Chairman of Standing Committee, who explained briefly the rules governing the Convention.

Upon motion of Rees J. Millard Dr. J. K. Robbins was unanimously elected temporary chairman.

Upon motions of John B. Casey and E. M. Tewksberry, C. B. Jackson and U. J. Campbell were unanimously chosen temporary secretaries.

The list of townships was then called and the names and credentials of the delegates were presented as follows, viz:

LIST OF DELEGATES.

Beaver—Isaac Klingerman, Nathan Bredbender, Peter Shellhammer.

Benton—Jeremiah Stiles, Jonas Rantz, W. L. Cole.

Berwick—C. B. Jackson, A. D. Seeley.

Bloom, East Dist.—Eli Jones, John B. Casey, Mordecai Millard.

Bloom, West Dist.—James Sterner, W. B. Koons.

Briarcreek—Charles Reed, Henry Doak, A. B. Croop.

Catawissa—E. M. Sewksbury, Dr. J. K. Robbins.

Centre—Jeremiah Hagenbuch, Benjamin Stiner, Stephen Pohe.

Centralia—Thomas Geraghty, Michael O'Hair.

Conyngham North—Neal Lenihan, Andrew Roney.

Conyngham South—Thomas Kilker, Peter Luby.

Fishingcreek—Philip Appleman, B. F. Edgar, W. N. Hosler, Moses McHenry.

Franklin—P. G. Campbell, Joel Zarr.

Greenwood—John Leggott, Daniel Wolliver, Joseph Staddon.

Hemlock—Amos Hartman, T. J. Vanderslice, Abram Stauffer.

Jackson—Frank Hess, Geo. W. Farver.

Locust—Samuel Fetterman, Christian Small, Leonard Adams, Henry Fink.

Madison—Samuel Demott, John Allen, Wm. Masteller.

Main—Jacob Fisher, U. J. Campbell.

Mifflin—Lewis Eckrote, Stephen Wolf, John H. Hetler.

Montour—Evan Wolliver, James Quick.

Mt. Pleasant—John C. Mordan, Joseph Ikeler.

Orange—Dr. O. A. Megargell, H. R. Kline.

Pine—Benjamin Wintersteen, Joseph Shoemaker.

Roaringcreek—Geo. Craig, Jr., Jacob Longenberger.

Scott—Rees J. Millard, Peter Ent.

Sugarloaf—Aaron Fritz, C. L. Moore.

On motion of Peter Ent the temporary President and Secretaries were made the permanent officers of the Convention.

Mordecai Millard offered the following Resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That Morrison E. Jackson Esquire and Robert F. Clark Esquire be and they are hereby constituted Conferees to meet similar Conferees from the other Counties of this Judicial District to nominate a candidate for President Judge thereof. And they are hereby instructed to support the Hon. William Elwell for that office.

And we recommend the Conference to meet at the Court House in Tunkhannock, on Tuesday, September the 17th, at three o'clock P. M., or at such time and place as the Conferees agree upon.

At the suggestion of C. G. Barkley, Chairman of the Standing Committee, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the members of the Standing Committee elected, are hereby called to meet for the purpose of organizing and transacting business, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Saturday next, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The following is a list of the

MEMBERS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE:

Beaver—Moses Schlicher.
Benton—I. K. Krickbaum.
Berwick—Levi Bredbender.
Bloom, East Dist.—David Lowenberg.
Bloom, West Dist.—William McKinney.
Briarcreek—J. C. Smith.
Catawissa—Geo. Scott.
Centre—H. D. Knorr.
Centralia—C. G. Murphy.
Conyngham North—
Conyngham South—Michael Brannan.
Fishingcreek—E. J. McHenry.
Franklin—William Stoker.
Greenwood—Wesley Morris.
Hemlock—Seth Shoemaker.
Jackson—Silas W. McHenry.
Locust—
Madison—John Allen.
Main—W. T. Sloan.
Mifflin—Samuel Snyder.
Montour—John G. Quick.
Mt. Pleasant—George W. Jacoby.
Orange—D. K. Sloan.
Pine—P. W. Sones.
Roaringcreek—J. B. Klinger.
Scott—C. P. Ent.
Sugarloaf—J. H. Fritz.

U. J. Campbell offered the following Resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That Peter Ent and H. W. McReynolds be and are hereby appointed Congressional Conferees to meet similar Conferees from the other Counties composing this Congressional District for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress, at such time and place as may be agreed upon by the Conferees of the several counties composing the district.

Nominations for Senator being next in order, Amos Hartman offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That John G. Quick, Jesse Hoffman, John Leggott and Hugh D. McBride are hereby appointed Senatorial Conferees, to meet similar Conferees from other Counties in this Senatorial District, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for State Senate, at Williamsport, on Thursday, the 29th day of August, inst., at 7 P. M., and that they are hereby instructed to support Charles G. Barkley for that position.

H. R. Kline offered the following amendment.

Resolved, That William Lamon, Isaiah Bower, Rohr McHenry and Charles W. Miller be and are hereby appointed Senatorial Conferees to meet similar Conferees of this District for the purpose of nominating a candidate for State Senator with instructions to support M. E. Jackson of Columbia County.

E. M. Tewksbury offered the following amendment to the amendment.

Resolved, That U. J. Campbell, M. V. B. Kline, Noah Mouser and W. H. Jacoby be and are hereby appointed Senatorial Conferees to meet similar Conferees from other Counties in this Senatorial District for the purpose of nominating a candidate for State Senate with instructions to support George Scott for that position.

Nominations being closed the Chairman suggested that the votes be given directly to the candidates and the one having the majority would carry the Conferees named in his resolution.

A ballot was then had with the following result:

BARKLEY, Klingerman, Bredbender, Shellhammer, Millard M., Casey, Jones, Sterner, Koons, Hagenbuch, Pohe, Hosler, Leggott, Welliver, Staddon, Hartman, Stauffer, Hess, Demott, Allen, Masteller, Welliver E., Ikeler, Wintersteen, Shoemaker, Fritz, Moore.

JACKSON, Stiles, Rantz, Cole, Jackson, Seeley, Reed, Doak, Croop, Stiner, Geraghty, O'Hair, Lenihan, Roney, Kilker, Luby, Appleman, Edgar, McHenry, Vanderslice, Farver, Eckrote, Wolf, Hetler, Quick, Megargell, Kline, Millard R. J.

SCOTT. Tewksbury, Robbins, Campbell P. G., Zarr, Fetterman, Small, Adams, Fink, Fisher, Campbell, U. J. Mordan, Craig, Longenberg, Ent.

TOTAL, Barkley 26
" Jackson 27
" Scott 11—no choice.

For lack of space we do not give the second ballot there being no choice. Before proceeding to the third ballot Peter Ent withdrew the name of George Scott.

THIRD BALLOT.

BARKLEY. Klingerman, Bredbender, Shellhammer, Millard M., Casey, Jones, Sterner, Koons, Hagenbuch, Pohe, Hosler, Campbell P. G., Zarr, Leggott, Welliver D., Staddon, Hartman, Stauffer, Hess, Fetterman, Small, Adams, Fink, Demott, Allen, Masteller, Welliver E., Quick, Ikeler, Wintersteen, Shoemaker, Craig, Longenberger, Fritz, Moore.

JACKSON. Stiles, Rantz, Cole, Jackson, Seeley, Reed, Doak, Croop, Tewksbury, Robbins, Stiner, Geraghty, O'Hair, Lenihan, Roney, Kilker, Luby, Appleman, Edgar, McHenry, Vanderslice, Farver, Fisher, Campbell U. J., Eckrote, Wolf, Hetler, Mordan, Megargell, Kline, Millard R. J., Ent.

TOTAL, Barkley 35.
" Jackson 32.

C. G. Barkley having received the majority of the votes cast was declared the choice of the Convention as Senator with the Conferees named in the resolution nominating him.

On motion of U. J. Campbell the following Resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That John J. McHenry, John A. Funston, Joseph B. Knittle and William H. Shoemaker be and they are hereby constituted Conferees to meet similar Conferees from the other Counties of the Senatorial District to nominate two candidates to be supported by the Democratic party for District Delegates to the Constitutional Convention, and they are hereby instructed to support John G. Freeze for one of the said Delegates.

And we recommend the Conference to meet in Danville, on Wednesday, August 21st, inst., at one o'clock, P. M., at Wilhelm's "Danville Hotel."

The Chairman then announced that nominations for Assembly were in order, whereupon Col. A. D. Seeley moved that C. B. Brockway be nominated by acclamation which was unanimously agreed to.

B. Frank Zarr was nominated for Prothonotary by E. M. Tewksbury and on motion the nomination was made unanimous.

Mordecai Millard nominated W. H. Jacoby for Register and Recorder, which Col. A. D. Seeley seconded and suggested that it be made by acclamation, which was done.

Nominations for Commissioner being in order John Leggott nominated William Lawton, and H. R. Kline named Abner Welsh. A ballot being ordered resulted as follows, viz:

LAWTON. Klingerman, Bredbender, Shellhammer, Stiles, Rantz, Cole, Jones, Sterner, Koons, Tewksbury, Hagenbuch, Geraghty, O'Hair, Lenihan, Roney, Luby, Appleman, Edgar, McHenry, Vanderslice, Farver, Fisher, Campbell U. J., Eckrote, Wolf, Hetler, Welliver D., Mordan, Wintersteen, Shoemaker, Craig, Longenberger, Millard, Ent, Fritz, Moore.

TOTAL, Barkley 38
" Lawton, 13

WELSH. Jackson, Seeley, Millard M., Casey, Reed, Doak, Croop, Robbins, Stiner, Pohe, Kilker, McHenry, Hartman, Vanderslice, Stauffer, Masteller, Fisher, Campbell U. J., Eckrote, Wolf, Quick, Ikeler, Megargell, Kline.

TOTAL. Lawton, 13
" Welsh, 21

Abner Welsh having received a majority of the votes cast was declared duly nominated.

Nominations for Auditor being in order Hugh McBride and U. J. Campbell were nominated. Upon a statement being made that the north side of the river had already two Auditors the name of Hugh McBride was withdrawn by Amos Hartman and on motion U. J. Campbell was unanimously nominated.

E. M Tewksbury moved that a Committee of three be appointed on Resolutions. The motion carried and the Chairman named the Committee but upon the suggestion of Peter Ent, that the hour was late and many delegates were anxious to return home, the Convention unanimously agreed to adjourn *sine die*.

C. B. JACKSON,
U. J. CAMPBELL, } Sec's.

IN MEMORIAM.—At a regular meeting of the Union Sunday School, at Orangeville, held July 26th, 1872, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It hath pleased an Almighty Providence to remove from our midst the soul of Miss. Anna Mary Lausach, therefore be it

Resolved, That while we humbly submit to the decrees of Him who controls the destinies of the world, in taking from among us our sister, that in her death we have lost a faithful and consistent member and Christian advocate of the Sunday School cause, whose loss we deplore and mourn.

Resolved, That by being thus reminded of the shortness of life and certainty of death, that we apply ourselves more closely to the great work of the Sunday School cause that we may be always ready to say that we have done our whole duty to ourselves and others; that should we be called away like our sister we can, with extended hands, receive the command to depart.

Resolved, That as a special mark of respect to our departed sister, we drape in mourning the Rules, Cards and Room for the space of twenty days.

Resolved, That we tender our sympathies to the bereaved family in handing to them a copy of these resolutions and that the same be sent to the county papers for publications.

J. B. HARMAN,
J. H. ECK,
C. J. MEGARGELL. } Committee.

WE have already alluded to the very large crop of berries this year on the mountains and would mention as further proof that a young son of Mr. William Hulmes recently picked over three pints of whortleberries without changing his position on the top of a rock where he had been stationed, and even then the bushes were not picked clean. Berries must be thick where this can be done.

THE Lock Haven *Republican* says:—"On Sunday last Jacob Isaman, of Sugar Run, assaulted his wife in a most brutal manner, for allowing her daughter to go to church. He beat her over the head and shoulders with a chair, so that she presents a really pitiably appearance."

We should fancy that a missionary or two might be spared from duty on the coasts of Africa to look after the moral wants of Clinton county, if this sort of thing prevails there to any great extent.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

ELECTORS,
SENATORIAL,
EDGAR COWAN, of Westmoreland.
GEORGE W. SCHNEIDER, of Franklin.
REPRESENTATIVE.
SELDEN MARVIN, of Erie.
JOHN B. MILLER, of Montgomery.
S. GROSS FRY, of Philadelphia.

1. Thomas J. Barger,	13. D. Lowenberg.
2. Steph. D. Anderson,	14. J. McKnight.
3. John Moffit,	15. Henry Welsh.
4. George R. Berrell,	16. Henry J. Stable.
5. Not agreed upon.	17. R. W. Carlisle.
6. Isaiah B. Rompf,	18. William J. Logan.
7. Samuel D. Dyer,	19. Rasselas Brown.
8. Jesse G. Hawley,	20. P. M. Robinson.
9. H. B. Swarr,	21. J. R. Molten.
10. B. Reilly,	22. T. H. Stevenson.
11. John Kinkle,	23. John B. Bard.
12. F. W. Grunter.	24. George W. Miller.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL
WILLIAM HARTLEY,
OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT
JAMES THOMPSON,
OF ERIE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE
RICHARD VAUX,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
JAMES H. HOPKINS,
OF ALLEGHENY.
HENDRICK B. WRIGHT,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Members of the Constitutional Convention.

GEO. W. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, York.
WM. BIGLER, Clearfield.
W. J. BAER, Somerset.
W. H. SMITH, Allegheny.
FRANKLIN H. GOWEN, Philadelphia.
JOHN H. CAMPBELL, Philadelphia.
S. A. REYNOLDS, Lancaster.
JAMES ELLIS, Somerset.
S. T. DODD, Venango.
GEO. M. DALLAS, Philadelphia.
ROBERT A. LAMBERTON, Dauphin.
A. K. McCLURE, Juniata.
WM. L. CORBETT, Clinton.

COUNTY TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,
WILLIAM ELWELL
(Subject to the decision of the District Conference)
FOR SENATOR,
CHARLES G. BARKLEY
(Subject to the decision of the District Conference)
FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION,
JOHN G. FREEZE
(Subject to the decision of the District Conference)
FOR ASSEMBLY,
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY.
FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. FRANK ZARR,
FOR REGISTER & RECORDER,
WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM LAWTON,
FOR AUDITOR,
U. J. CAMPBELL.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The only Agent in this town for the Farmer's Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Danville, is Fress Brown. 2t

Moyer Bros. have fifty cider barrels for sale.

A fine assortment of Fruits, Confectionery, Cigars &c. at M. M. Russell's, Main Street below Market.

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO. Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Lime-burners supplied at liberal rates with best quality No. 6, coal. For smith fires, in addition to a prime article of lump, we have a first class quality of bituminous coal, at $6.25 per ton on wharf.

Large stocks of all sizes constantly on hand. Strict personal attention given to the preparation of all our coal. Grain, Lumber and Slabs taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town. Orders left at McKelvy Neal & Co's. store or at our office, will receive prompt attention. OFFICE & YARDS AT MCKELVY & NEAL'S FURNACE, EAST BLOOMSBURG. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, will receive, free, a Recipe that will prove a blessing through life, by addressing, in confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Box 5172 P. O. 42 Cedar St., N. Y.
feb. 9, ly.

PERHAPS no real medicine ever gained the rapid popularity which Castoria has done. Its merits speak for it, and its success is due to its good efforts to another. It is a vegetable preparation, perfectly harmless, pleasant to take; does not distress or gripe, but regulates the stomach, and is sure to operate when all other remedies fail. Any person who has ever used Castoria to Stomach Ache, Constipation, Croup, Flatulency, Worms, Piles, or derranged Livers will never again use nauseating oil, bitter Pills or Narcotic Syrups. The Castoria contains neither Minerals, Morphine nor Alcohol. It is a sweet, quieting effect it produces natural sleep, and is particularly adapted to crying and teething children. It costs but 35 cents, and less than 1 will save many dollars in doctors' bills. 2d1w

A PLEASURE RESORT.—Glorious and delightful as the Summer weather is, its tropical heat is a severe trial to the nervous. Hence the depression sometimes prostrated by its effects. The common phrase applied to this condition of the body is "general debility." Now, general debility arises from, and includes various weaknesses. The liver is more or less affected, the bowels are either constipated or too much relaxed, the stomach out of order, the appetite is poor, and the spirits depressed. This is what is called general debility. It is a general disarrangement of all the diseased functions, and requires as a remedy a medicine that will regulate them all. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is especially adapted to this purpose. Its general operation is not confined to a single organ. If the liver is affected, it restores its tone; if the stomach is tried, it regulates it. If the nerves are debilitated, it braces them. If the appetite is poor, and the spirits depressed, this is what is called general debility. It is a general disarrangement of all the diseased functions, and requires as a remedy a medicine that will regulate them all. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is especially adapted to this purpose. Its general operation is not confined to a single organ. If the liver is affected, it restores its tone; if the stomach is tried, it regulates it. If the nerves are debilitated, it braces them. If the appetite is poor, and the spirits depressed. This

Agricultural.

Oiling and Blacking Harness.

At this season, the farmer should overhaul, repair, oil and black his harness so they will be pliable in the cold weather, and durable and safe. A correspondent of the *Scientific American* gives the following method: In the first place, I subject the harness to one or two coats (as the leather may need) of lampblack and castor oil, warmed sufficiently to make it penetrate the stock readily. Then I make about two quarts of warm soap suds, and with a sponge wash the harness. When dry, rub it over with a mixture of oil and tallow, equal parts, with sufficient lampblack to give it color, or what is better, Prussian blue, which gives it a new and fresh look. This compound should be applied sparingly and well rubbed in, which can be quickly done, and will leave a smooth and clean surface.

"By saturating the stock, in the first place, with oil, the soap and water are prevented from penetrating it in the process of washing. When leather is permitted to absorb water or soap, it has an ultimate tendency to harden it. When the harness is washed first (as is generally the case,) the water repels the oil; consequently, in the one case, you have the oil inside of the stock, and in the other you have the soap and water. By oiling first, it softens the dirt, so that it can be washed off in at least one-half the time required when washed before oiling, and also saves the scraping process, which defaces the grain of the leather. It will remain soft much longer from the fact of its being penetrated with oil. The whole process can be accomplished without the delay of waiting for it to dry. Consequently the harness can be oiled in much less time, will remain soft longer, wear longer, and look better than when cleaned by the old method. And I consider these reasons of sufficient importance for every one having a harness to give this method a fair trial."

The English patent harness blacking, which is commended for keeping leather soft, and giving it a good polish, is made by dissolving together over a slow fire three ounces of turpentine, two ounces of white wax; then add one ounce of ivory black and one drachm of indigo, to be well pulverized and mixed together. When the wax and turpentine are dissolved, add the ivory black and indigo, and stir till cold. Apply very thin and brush afterwards.—*Rural New Yorker.*

STAGGERS IN PIGS.—A correspondent asks information in regard to the cause and management of pigs suffering from what appears to be staggers. The symptoms are as follows:

The pig stands and works its mouth, and froths at the mouth, then staggers and falls as if in a fit. After remaining in that state for a time it recovers, but at last the symptoms prove fatal. Some pigs force their noses against the wall, or into a corner, but the symptoms are always nearly the same. The disease, which is popularly termed staggers, in medical parlance is called epilepsy. It depends usually upon the imperfect nutrition of the brain and nervous system.

In pigs, as well as in other animals, epilepsy is often hereditary. Frequently it is developed by breeding in-and-in. Continued feeding on poor, innutritive fare, such as brewer's wash or Indian corn, or even on such unduly stimulating food as beans or peas, will favor the production of epileptic fits. Wet, foul, uncomfortable beds also lead to epilepsy among young and delicate pigs. In preventing further losses we would advise the attending carefully to cleanliness, comfort and liberal feeding. Supply the small pigs with some good milk and a daily mess of boiled linseed, which is particularly good, as containing a large proportion of oleaginous matter. A few cabbages, grass, dry peas and barley flour will help to vary the dietary.

If the pigs are weakly, ten or twelve drops of the tincture of the chloride of iron may be given twice daily in beer, water-gruel or mash. For the next litter secure a strong, sound, vigorous sire of a strain of blood entirely different from that which has hitherto been used.—*Vet. Ed. North British Agriculturist.*

SWEET CORN FOR FODDER.—There is no question that farmers have a deal of solicitude every year as to the question of sufficient feed for stock, and when, as was the case last year, the grass crop is short—the inquiry is for some substitute for hay. We recommend sowing of corn. Two crops of it can be raised on the same piece of land. The Southern corn will give a larger yield than any other. The most important is the curing for fodder. We understand that Mr. Wakefield, of Pittsfield, has invented a plan on which he expects to secure a patent for curing and ventilating. It is a simple contrivance, and consists merely in erecting a stack pole with holes bored through it, about four inches apart, being shorter as it approaches the top. The corn is placed upon the stack, the cross-poles being inserted at intervals, which keeps it up so the air circulates through. It can be cured so as to make it fresh and sweet for food for any length of time. It is a good feed for milch cows and stock of all kinds like it, and no other yields so as to pay better with as little expense and trouble.—*The Homestead.*

CORN FODDER.—Mr. Alexander Reed, of Lockhaven, Clinton county, reports that his practice is to cut up his corn as late as he can, and avoid frost. After husking, the stacks are bound and carefully shocked till cured, then stowed in barn. They are prepared for feed as follows: Each morning and evening the quantity needed for one feeding is cut with a "power cutter," put in a tight box with a mixture of meal bran sprinkled in; boiling water is then poured on, and the box closed with a tight lid, so as to shut out both heat and steam. That steamed at night is warm when fed in the morning, and that in the morning when fed in the afternoon. Mr. Reed states that, prepared in this way, (the cows eat all the butts,) a ton will produce more and much better mink for butter than a ton of the best hay prepared in the same way.

Lice on cattle will decamp if dry sand be applied to their whereabouts. They will apply it themselves, when let alone in the spring of the year, by gorging the earth and flinging it over themselves.

Young Folks.

Truthful Sam.

A boy went to live with a man who was accounted a hard master. He never kept his boys; they ran away, or gave notice that they meant to quit, so he was half the time without and in search of a boy. The work was not very hard—opening and sweeping out the shop, chopping wood, going errands, and helping around. At last Sam Fisher went to live with him.

"Sam's a good boy," said his mother.

"I should like to see a boy, now-a-days, that has a spark of goodness in him," growled the master.

It is always bad to begin with a man who has no confidence in you; because, do your best, you are likely to have little credit for it. However, Sam thought he would try. The wages were good, and his mother wanted him to go. Sam had been there but three days, before, in sawing a cross grained stick of wood, he broke the saw. He was a little frightened. He knew he was careful, and he knew he was a pretty good sawyer, too, for a boy of his age. Nevertheless, the saw broke in his hands.

"And Mr. Jones will thrash you for it," said another boy, who was in the wood-house with him.

"Why, of course I didn't mean it, and accidents will happen to the best of folks," said Sam, looking with a very sorrowful air on the broken saw.

"Mr. Jones never makes allowances," said the other boy; "I never saw anything like him. That Bill might have stayed, only that he jumped into a hen's nest and broke her eggs. He daren't tell it; but Mr. Jones kept suspecting and suspecting, and laid everything out of the way to Bill, whether Bill was to blame or not, till Bill couldn't stand it, and wouldn't."

"Did he tell Mr. Jones about the eggs?" asked Sam.

"No," said the boy, "he was afraid; Mr. Jones has got such a temper."

"I think he'd better own'd up at once," said Sam.

"I suspect you'll find it better to preach than to practice," said the boy. "I'd run away before I'd tell him;" and soon he turned on his heel and left poor Sam alone with his broken saw.

The poor boy did not feel very comfortable or happy. He shut up the wood-house, walked out into the garden, and then went up to his little chamber under the eves. He wished he could tell Mrs. Jones; but she wasn't sociable, and he had rather not.

"Oh, my God," said Sam falling upon his knees, "help me do the thing that is right."

I don't know what time it was; but when Mr. Jones came into the house, the boy heard him. He got up, crept down stairs and met Mr. Jones in the kitchen.

"Sir," said Sam, "I broke your saw, and I thought I'd come and tell you before you saw it in the morning."

"I should think morning soon enough to tell of your carelessness. Why do you come to-night?"

"Because," said Sam, "I was afraid, if I put it off, I might be tempted to tell a lie about it. I'm sorry I broke it; but I tried to be careful.'

Mr. Jones looked at the boy from head to foot; then, stretching out his hand, "There Sam. That's right, that's right. Go to bed, boy. Never fear. I'm glad the saw broke; it shows the mettle's in you. Go to bed."

Mr. Jones was fairly won. Never were better friends, after that, than Sam and he. Sam thinks justice has not been done to Mr. Jones. If the boys had treated him honestly and "above board," he would have been a good man to live with. It was their conduct that soured and made him suspicious. I do not know how this is; I only know that Sam Fisher finds in Mr. Jones a kind and faithful master.

A Sharp Detective.

A Madrasse had a monkey which he was very fond of. The man had occasion to go on a journey, and took with him money and jewels, and his chum, the monkey. Some rogues determined to rob him of everything he had; accordingly they lay in wait for him, and murdered him. Having secured the money and jewels, they threw the murdered man into a dry well, and having covered it up with twigs and dry leaves, they went home. The monkey who was on the top of a tree, saw the whole of the proceedings, and when the murderers departed, he came down and made tracks for the Tahsildar's house, and by his cries and moans attracted the attention of that functionary. Inviting the Tahsildar, by dumb signs, to follow him, the monkey went to the well, and pointed downwards. The Tahsildar thereupon got men to go down, and of course the body was discovered. The monkey then led the men to the place where the jewels and money were buried. He then took them to the bazaars, and as soon as he caught sight of one of the murderers he ran after him, bit him in the leg, and would not let him go till he was secured. In this way all the murderers were caught. The men, it is said, have confessed their crime, and they now stand committed for trial before the Tellicherry court at the ensuing session. That monkey, we think, ought to be made an inspector of police.—*Exchange.*

The Old Bears.

BY F. B. C.

A pair of old Bears, finding that their life of robbery paid them but poorly, concluded to beg for a living, so they went to the dwelling of an Ape and asked for bread.

"We hope" said they, "that you will hear us so kindly and supply our wants so willingly that we shall not wish to return to the rude manners of our wild cousins in the forest, who take what they need by force." "O, be silent!" said the wise ape. "Were your teeth yet sound, your limbs strong and your eyes bright, you would to-day be robbers as your wild cousins in the forest are. Here is a loaf of bread! but have done with your boasting, and do not make a virtue of your weakness."

A LITTLE four-year old beset his mother to talk to him and say something funny. "How can I?" she asked, "don't you see how busy I am baking these pies?" "Well, you might say, 'Charley, won't you have a pie?' That would be funny for you."

Miscellaneous.

BOOTS & SHOES.

AT

E. M. KNORR'S

SPRING STYLES,

THE LATEST AND BEST.

Every variety for Men, Women and Children.

OLD STOCK

Selling at Cost to close out to make room for

NEW GOODS.

Bargains! Bargains!

CALL AND SEE.

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

At Astonishingly Low Prices.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

BERWICK, PENN A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,

FRENCH CANDIES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS

ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS

&c., &c., &c., &c.

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited.

JOHN G. JACOBY.

Berwick, Jan 1'71-1y

CONNELL & BATTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUILDERS' AND CARRIAGE

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS,

Rims, Hubs and Spokes, Springs,

AXLES, and PIPE BOXES,

HORSE SHOES, and

HORSE SHOE NAILS,

CEMENT, PLASTER and SAND,

GLASS, PAINTS, PUTTY,

OILS and TURPENTINE,

Manufacturers of

TIN WARE.

Agents for

Fairbank's Scales!

PLUMBING,

STEAM and

GAS FITTING,

Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

118 Penn Avenue,

SCRANTON, PA.

apr. 4, 1872-tf.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT:

Strike out the sixth section of the article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speakers of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, June 26th, 1872.

July 6th, 1872, 3m.

Miscellaneous.

MILLER'S STORE.

S. H. MILLER & SON,

have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere. Their stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Queensware, Hardware
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Cotton,
Spices,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs
AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually Kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON,
Bloomsburg Pa.

oct 31'71-tf

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

SPRING GOODS

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, in the new block,

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTH AND CASSIMERES,

STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS

SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS

HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.

oct13'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES.

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS.
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PALPITATION OF THE HEART.
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPTHERIA,
CATARRH, INFLUENZA.
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM.
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers aided by RADWAY'S PILLS! as quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

SPEEDY AND PURE RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S

SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES; so RAPID ARE THE CHANGES that every BODY UNDERGOES, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates the vitalizing principles it imparts to the fluids and solids of the system. In its passage through the various glands it repairs the waste of the body with new and healthy material, thereby producing Sound Flesh, Muscle, Bone, Nerve, Tissue, Skin, in the Terrible Destruction of Tissue, Waste in the Kidneys, or other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, Nose, and Mouth, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Foul Stomach, Scrofula, Ulcers, Tumors, Fever Sores, Scaly Skin, Blotches, Blood Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring Worms, Salt Rheum, Scurfiness, Dandruff, Blotches, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors, and Diseases of a Scrofulous origin, Hip Disease, Mercurial Affections, Chronic Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Sore Legs, Syphilitic Complaints, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Female Complaints, Gout, Neuralgia, Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all those complaints arising from the Secret Habits of Youth, the Indiscretions or Excesses of Mature Years, or the Exposures and Impurities of Life, Rendering it one of the best Blood Purifiers, Life Sustainers, and Health Restorers ever discovered.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decay of the system, is not obtaining progressive, according to the rule of nature, the Sarsaparillian Resolvent will arrest it, and build up the wasted system. Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent stand all known compounds in the cure of Chronic Complaints, but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, or Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brickdust deposits, and when there is a frothy, ropy appearance, like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bloody, or smoky appearance, and when there is a prickling, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

WORMS.—The only known and sure Remedy for Worms in Man, Dogs, etc.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

Lowell, Mass., July 11, 1870.

Dr. Radway:—I have had a Tumor in the ovaries and bowels for 12 years, and I have tried in vain to get relief. I tried your Resolvent, and thought I would try it, but had no faith in it. After I had taken three bottles I felt relief. I took seven bottles of the Resolvent, and one box of your Pills, and two boxes of your Ointment, and I am happy to say I am entirely free from it. I have been troubled very much for the last two years with Piles, but the Ointment has entirely cured me. You are at liberty to use my name in any way you please. Yours truly,

HANNAH P. KNAPP.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purgative, mild, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness of Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Druggists.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

n1872-1y

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

CAPS, CAPES & TORCHES,

Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.

CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 204 Church Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
June 21, 1872-1mos.

BLANK DEEDS.

We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size on best parchment paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size good and Cheap common Deeds, &c.

REMOVAL!!

I. W. NILES',

MUSIC WAREROOMS

have been removed to the

NEW BRICK BUILDING

OPPOSITE the EPISCOPAL CHURCH, MAIN ST.

Where he will keep a general assortment of

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC,

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS,

and all KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Also MUSIC BOOKS for all INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES

AND PRICES.

THE SHOEMAKER PIANO

is the cheapest First Class Piano in the market.

Having secured the Agency of the

GEO. WOODS' RENOWNED ORGANS, for Columbia County, together with the

CELEBRATED TEMPLE ANGELIC,

furnishes advantages to purchasers not found elsewhere.

STATIONARY OF ALL KINDS.

A full assortment of

SQUARE AND OVAL FRAMEES,

all styles and prices constantly on hand.

STEEL EGRAVINGS, CHROMOS & COLORED PRINTS, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

Call and examine. mch8'72-6m.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE

AND

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

will open under the entire control of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution

REV. JOHN HEWITT,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in other educational enterprises of a like nature; and they ask and have a right to demand for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we are determined it shall not be second in the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and culture.

The fall and winter session of twelve weeks will begin

MONDAY, AUGUST 26TH,

and close

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and heat, per week, $3.00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, sixty cents per week. In the primary, forty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra.

Bills are payable, and must be paid promptly, one-half at the beginning and the other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary. I. B. RUPERT, President.

AGENTS Wanted for BELDEN: The White Chief

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

The remarkable adventures of the famous WHITE CHIEF and BIG WARRIOR among the Red Skins. Thrilling accounts of Great Hunts, Hair-breadth Escapes and Terrible Contests with the big game and hostile tribes. Spirited descriptions of the habits and superstitions of that strange people, their Sports, Legends, Traditions. How they Woo and Wed, Scalp, Doctor, Worship, &c. New, Fresh and Popular, Price Low. It is selling by the thousands with wonderful rapidity. Agents are making from $50 to $100 per week. Choice field yet vacant. Send at once for sample chapters, illustrations and particulars to A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher, Jan 27'71-tf. 400 Chestnut St., Phila

The Race of Time Keepers.

M. B. ALLEBACH

DEALER IN

WATCHES and JEWELRY

DANVILLE Pa.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, FRENCH CLOCKS, SWISS AND AMERICAN STEM WATCHES.

THE RENOWNED ELGIN WATCHES.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE JEWELRY, DIAMONDS &c.

Repairing promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous.

1872. 1872.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

M. P. LUTZ

Has just returned from New York with a full line of

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

LYONS' SILK POPLINS,

SILK FONGEES,

plain and figured.

SUITINGS,

plain and plaid.

CLOTH CLOTHS,

plain, plaid and check.

WASH POPLINS,

Black and colored.

ALPACAS,

FANCY PLAIDS,

COLORED CAMBRICS,

PERCALES,

WHITE GOODS,

SUISSE,
TARLATAN,
VICTORIA LAWN,
BISHOP LAWN,
NAINSOOKS,
PIQUES,
CAMBRICS,
LONG CLOTH,
LINENS,
NAPKINS,
DOYLES,
TOWELS,
LACE CURTAINS,

SHAWLS,

NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS,

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

and everything generally kept in a first-class

DRY GOODS STORE.

BROWER'S BLOCK,

EAST COURT HOUSE, MAIN STREET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DOCTOR PIERCE'S

ALTERATIVE

Golden Medical Discovery

CURES DISEASES OF THE

THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD

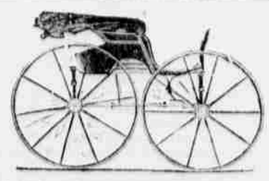
In the wonderful medicine to which the afflicted are above pointed for relief, the discoverer believes he has combined the healing power of Nature's most sovereign curative properties, which God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever before combined in one medicine. The evidence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs** and the early stages of **Consumption**, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the most wonderful discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and **purifies the blood.** By its great and thorough blood purifying properties, it cures all **Humors**, from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple,** or **Eurnption.** Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and the effects of **Evil Practices,** indulged, and Vigorous health and a sound constitution established. **Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful purifying and invigorating medicine.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face or body, frequent headaches or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flashes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver** or **"Biliousness."** In many cases of **"Liver Complaint"** only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects a perfect cure, leaving the liver strong and healthy. For the cure of **Habitual Constipation** of the bowels it is a never failing remedy, and those who have used it for this purpose are loud in its praise.

The proprietor offers $1,000 reward for a medicine that will equal it for the cure of all the diseases for which it is recommended.

Sold by druggists at $1 per bottle. Prepared by R. V. Pierce, M. D., & Co., Proprietors, at the Chemical Laboratory, No. 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y. Send 3 stamps for pamphlet.

n18'72-1y



CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both

PLAIN AND FANCY

warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it I believed that none superior can be found in the country. jan 1'71

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY

WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Vinegar Bitters are not a Vile Drink made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the unwary to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all alcoholic stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, if their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions and long remain sick, unless their bones have become literally consumed, or their vital organs have wasted away beyond the point of repair. They are a perfect Physic, Purifying the blood, which carries health or disease to every part of the body. One trial will prove their healing powers to the most skeptical. They are the best remedy in the world for

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, for the offspring of Dyspepsia. In their combination it has no equal, and has proved itself a public benefactor to the human race. Read and be convinced. It has no equal. Read and learn from it the cause of your sufferings, and be governed by your own reason in the matter. Don't suffer your stomach to be ruined by the use of Bitters of